

# **COUNTING CARBON - THE CIRCULAR WAY**

Kasper Guldager Jensen, kgj@3xn.dk, www.3xn.dk, +45 6120 1784

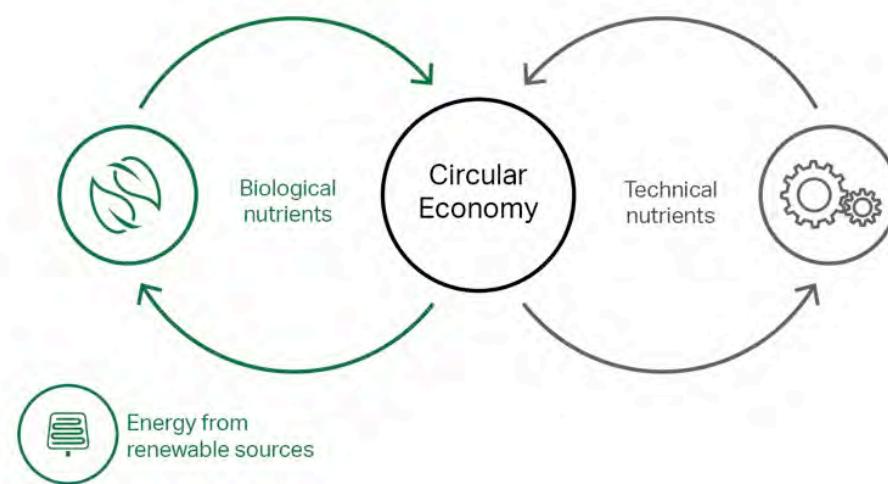
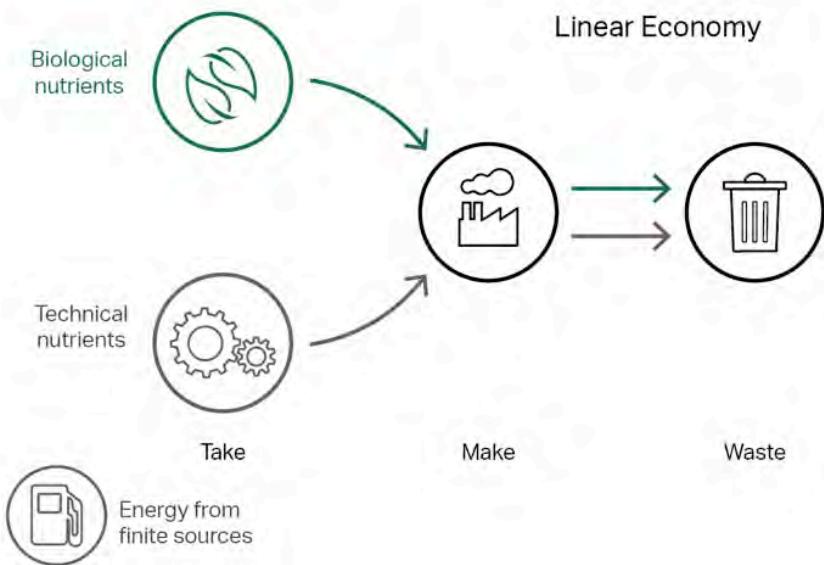
89%

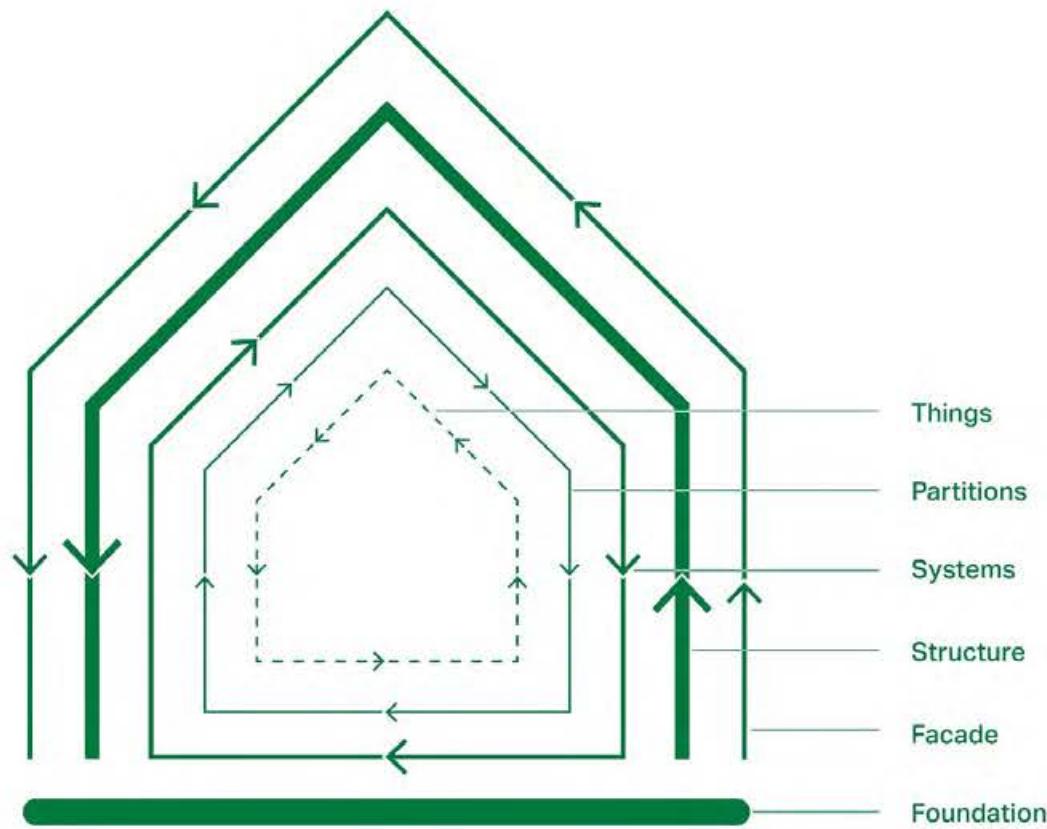




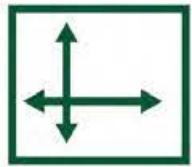
Building a  
Circular Future

2%





## A Building Practice with immediate and short term gains



improved  
flexibility



faster  
construction



optimized  
operation

Implementation of the circular principles, not only result in long term benefits.  
Positive side effects from low hanging fruits creates a better building here and now.

THE CIRCULAR ECONOMY  
IS ABOUT THE ECONOMY

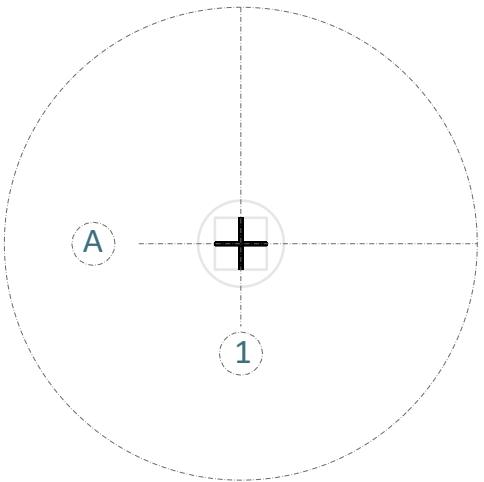




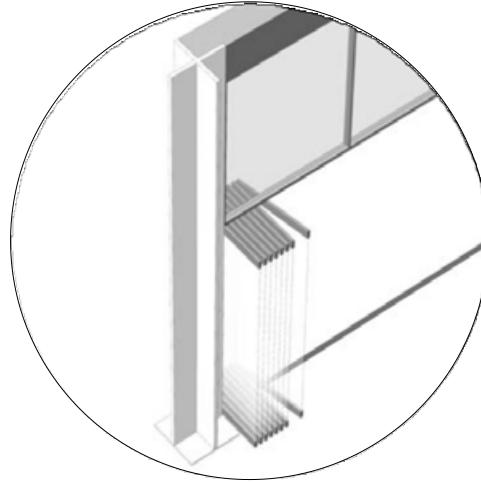


# Modular Concepts

Modular features intersecting with structural column



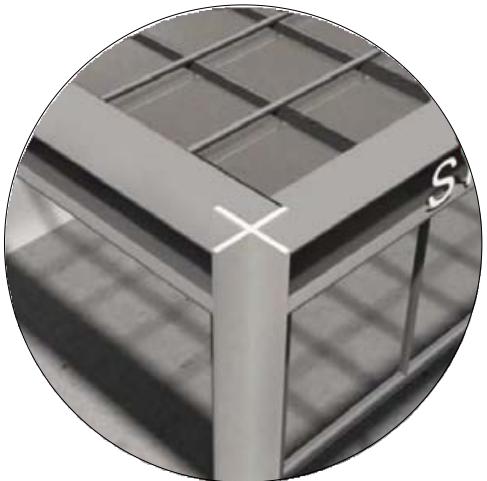
PLAN RELATIONSHIP TO GRID



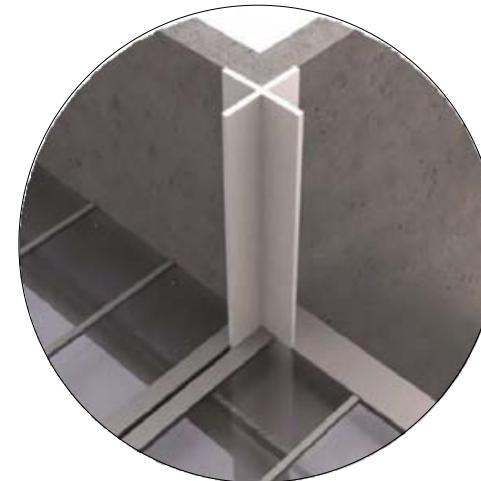
FACADE TO COLUMN CONNECTION



FLOOR WITH MULTIPLE CHANNEL TYPES



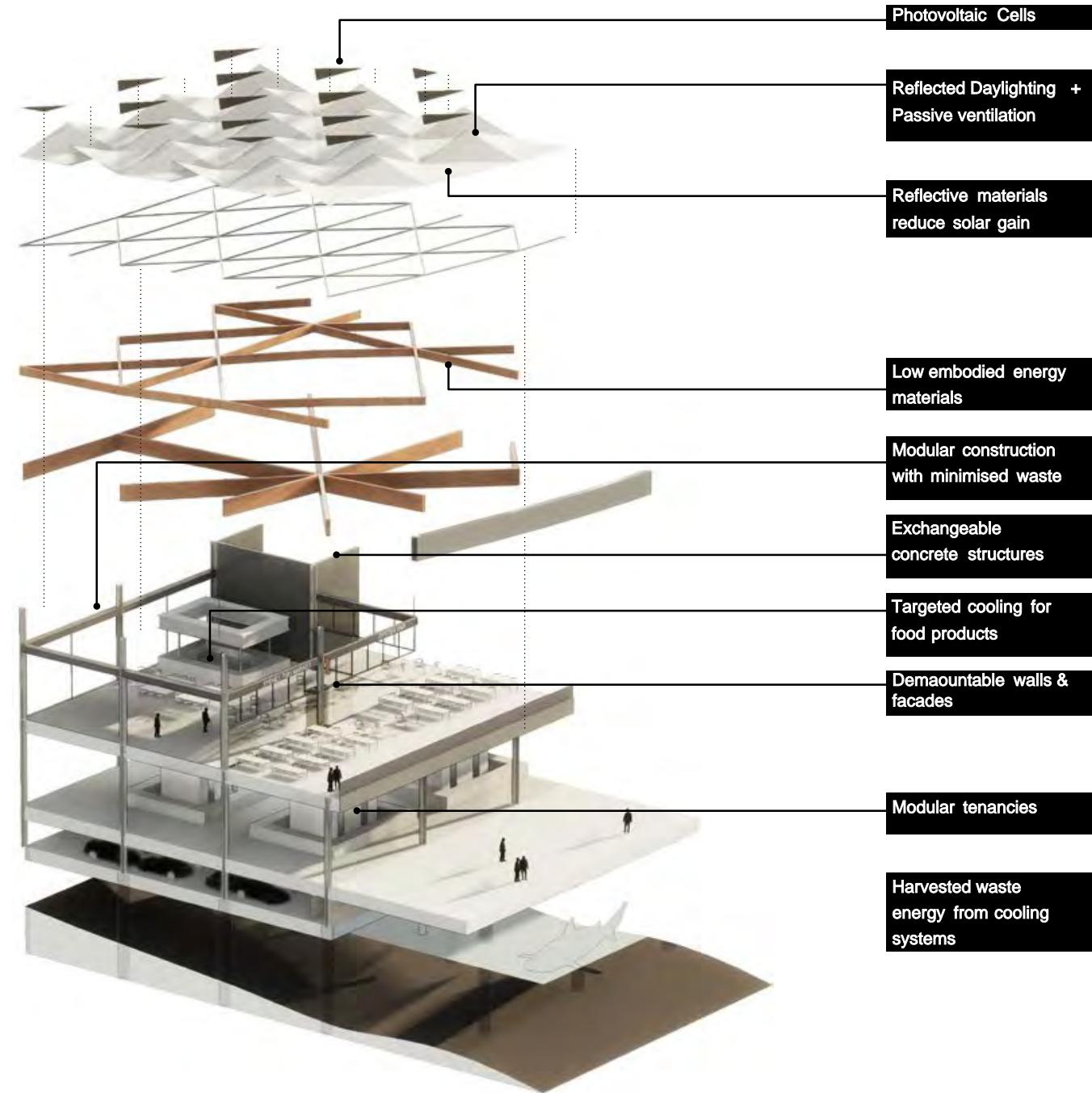
COLUMN TO SIGNAGE BEAMS & GLASS CEILING



CORE TO COLUMN & ROOF CONNECTION

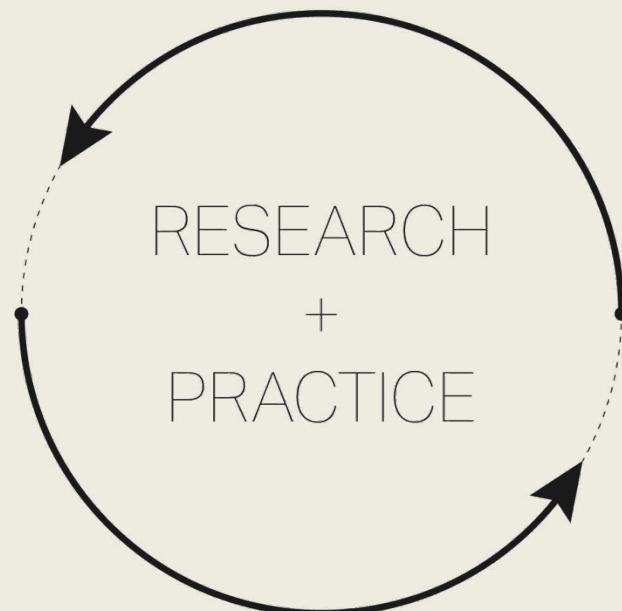


COLUMNS WITH INTEGRATED PROFILES FOR ROLLERS





**3XN**  
architects



**GXN**  
innovation

3XN architects GXN innovation. Copenhagen. Stockholm. London. New York. Sydney.



3XN

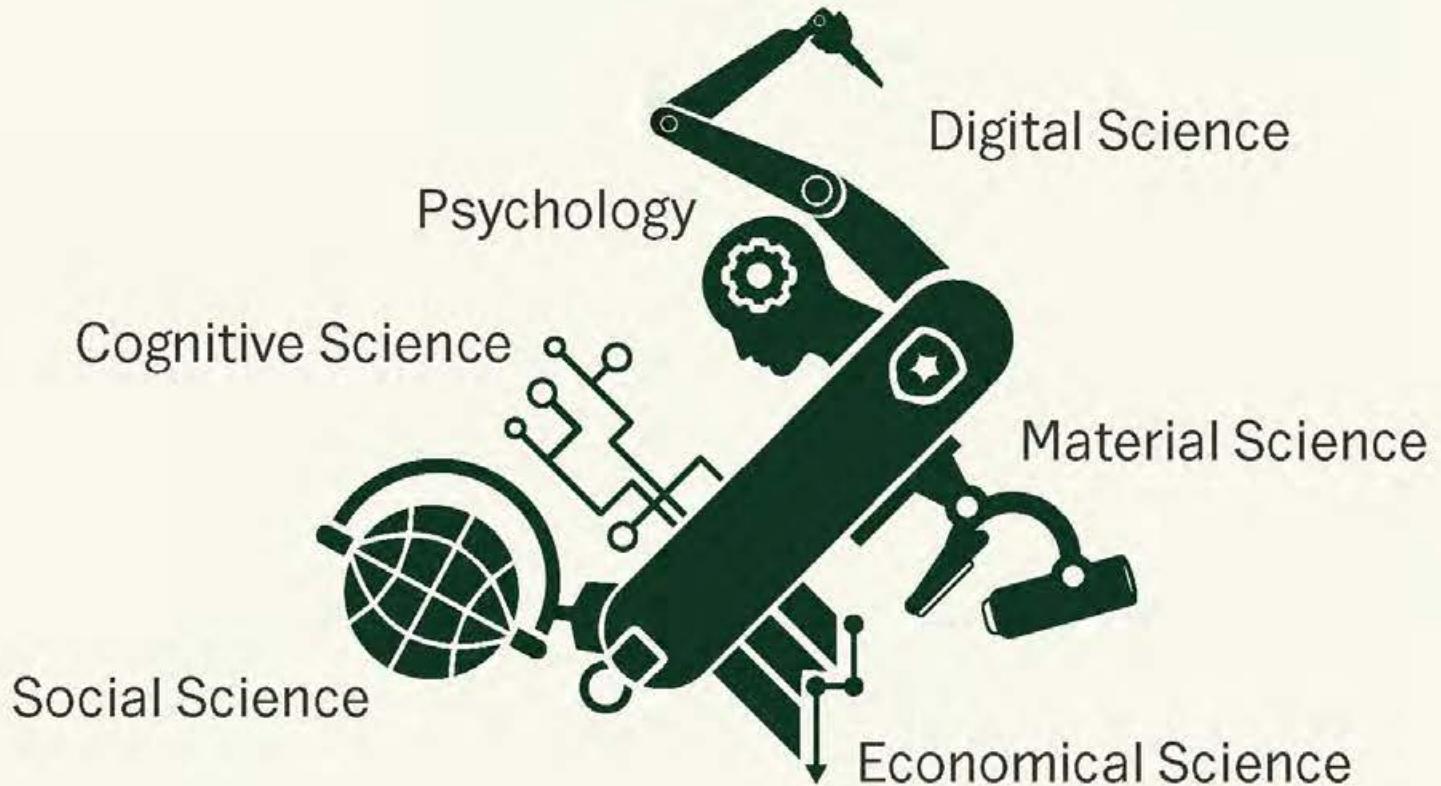


RESEARCH

PROJECT DESIGN

COMPETITION

# We take research into practice.\*

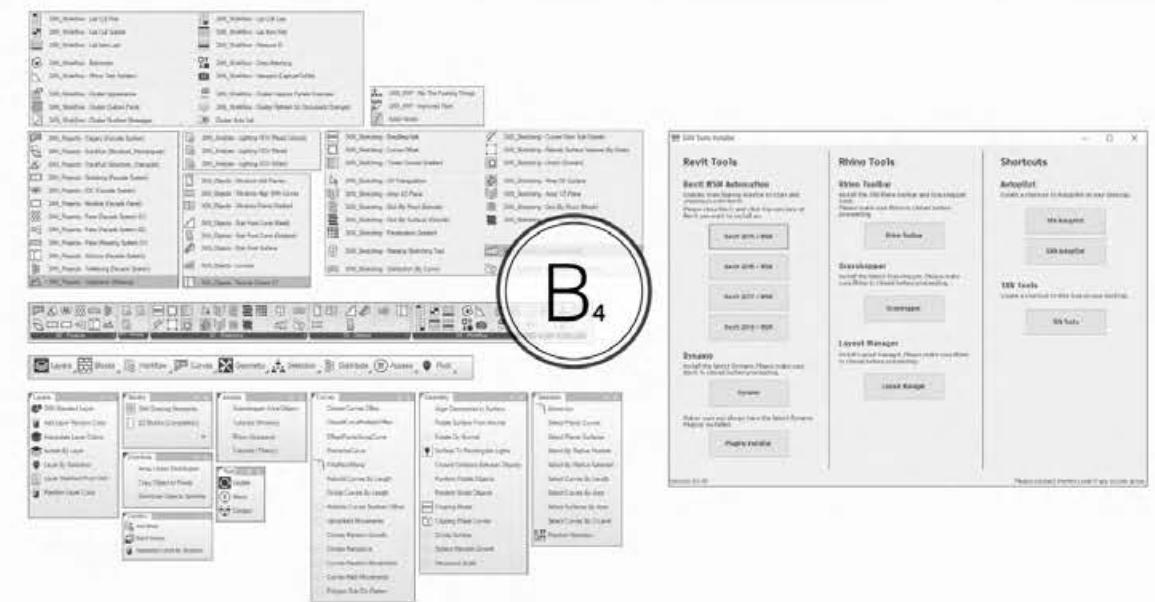
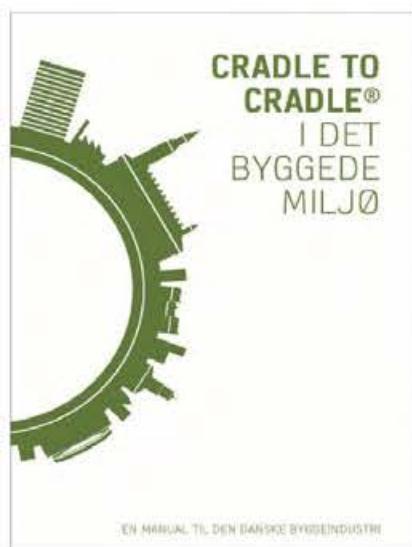
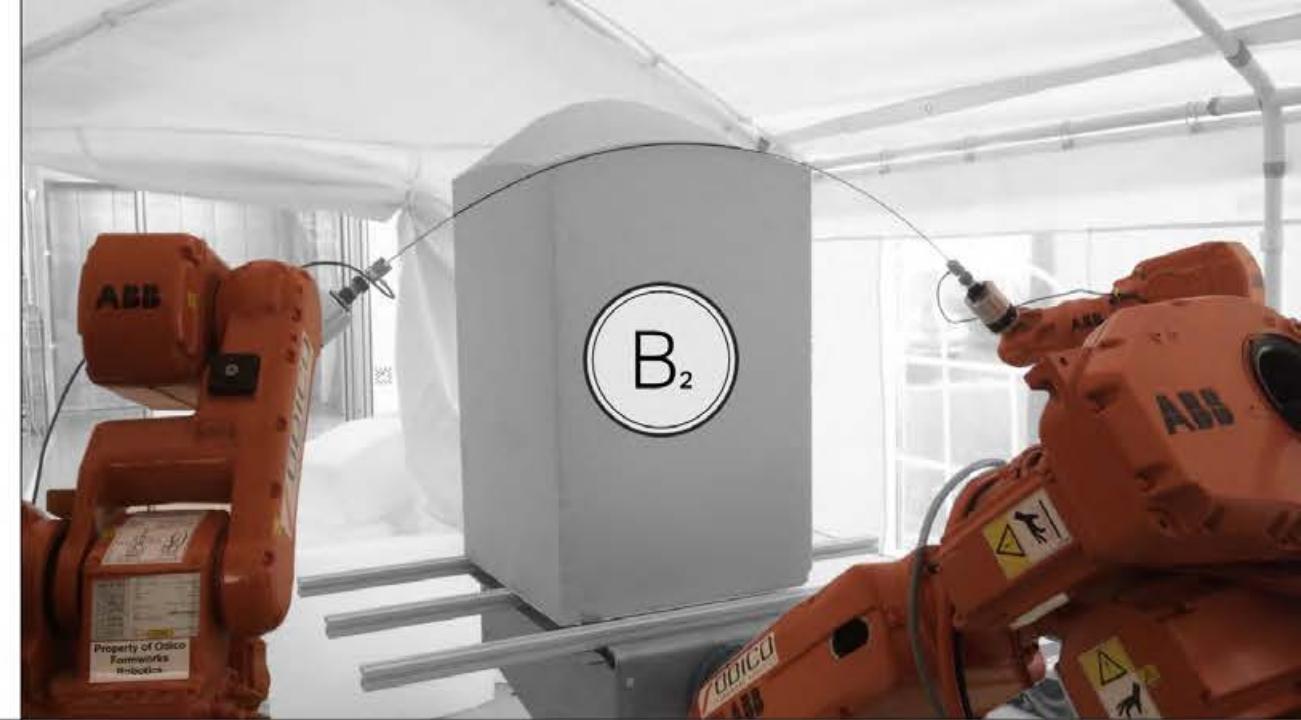
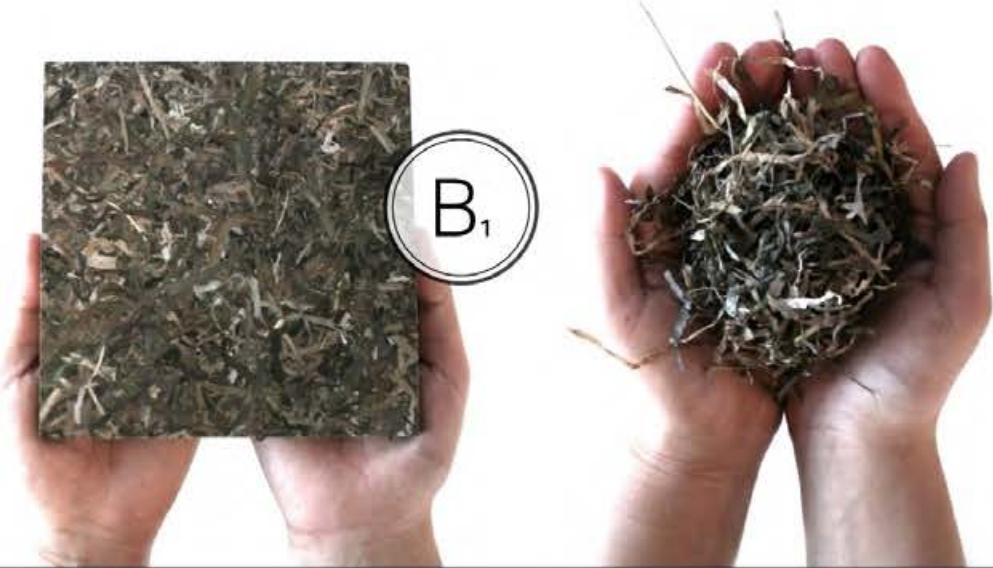


\* 20 researchers and 100+ innovation projects in GXN.

ANTHROPOLOGIST  
ARCHITECTS  
BIOLOGIST  
BUSINESS DEVELOPERS  
COMPUTATIONAL DESIGNERS  
ENGINEERS  
GRAPHIC DESIGNERS  
INTERIOR ARCHITECTS  
MODEL BUILDERS  
PSYCHOLOGIST  
URBAN PLANNERS









WHAT IF WE CAN BUILD TOMORROW  
WITH THE WASTE OF TODAY?







EENTILEEN GXN NCC Deloitte.

TEKNOLOGISK  
INSTITUT



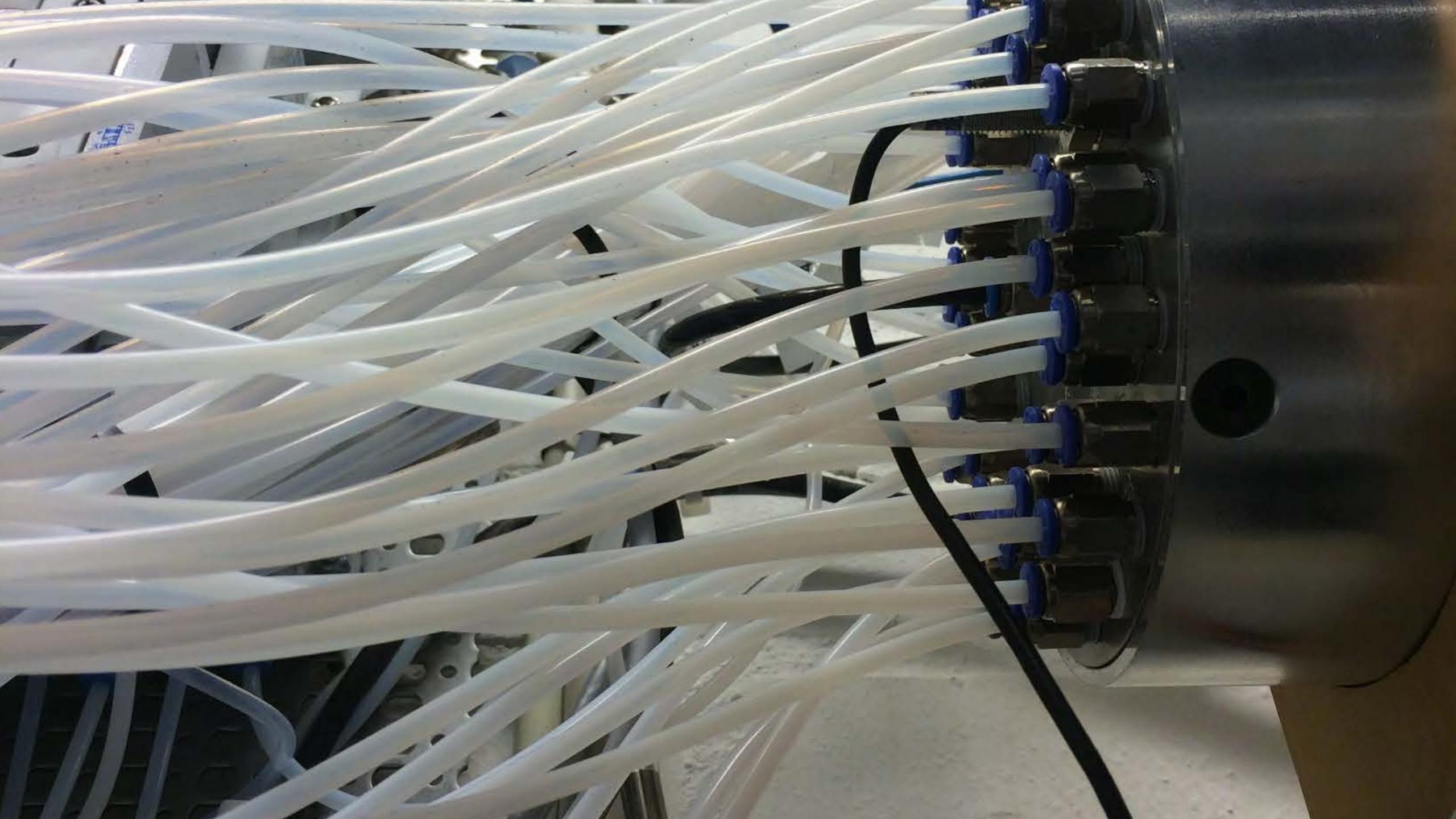


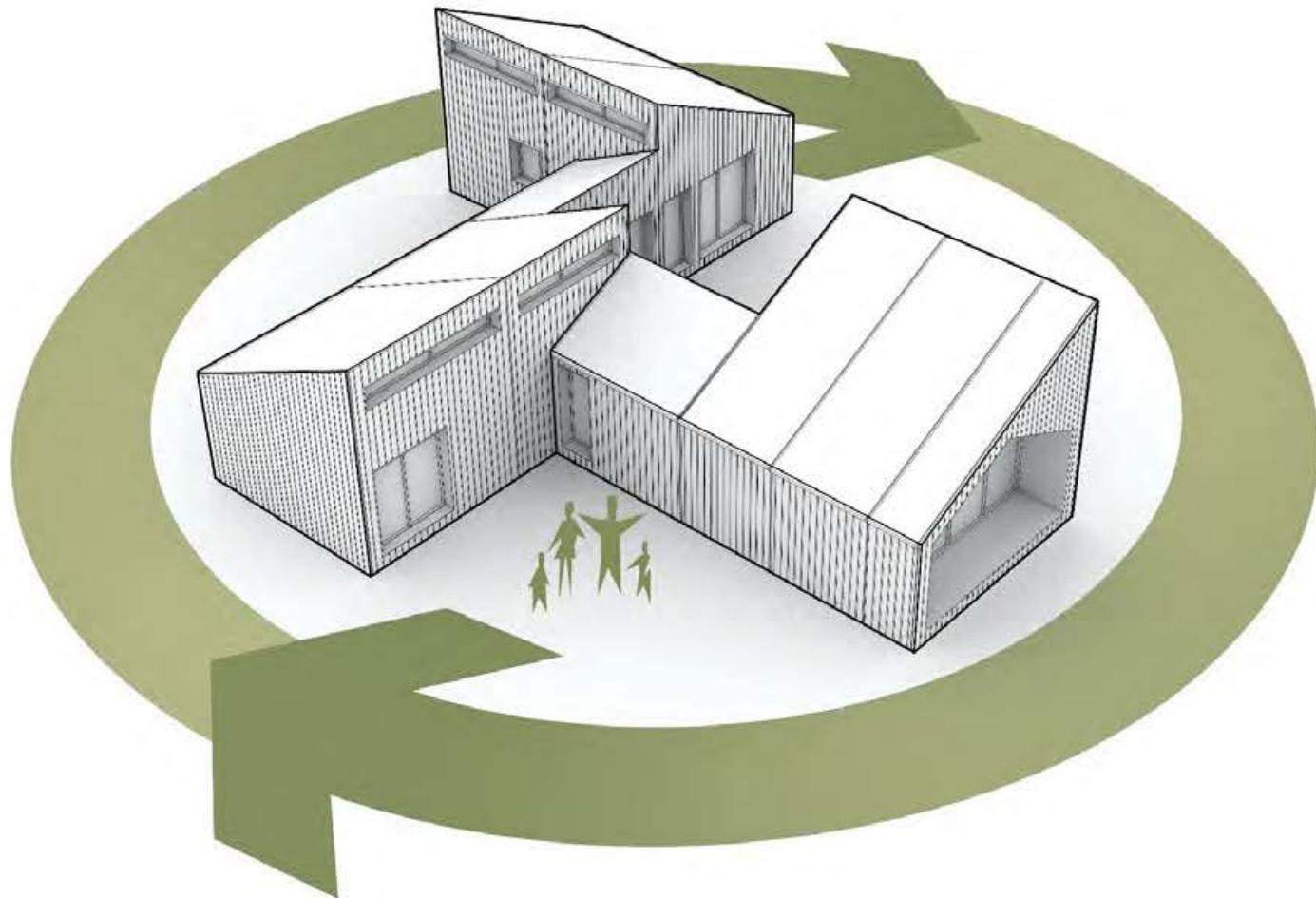


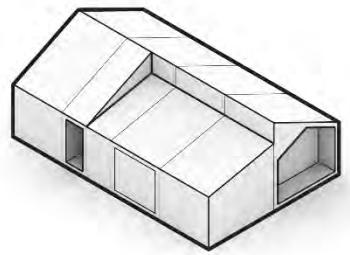




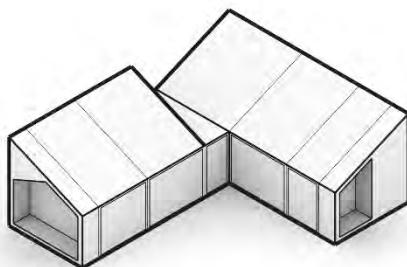




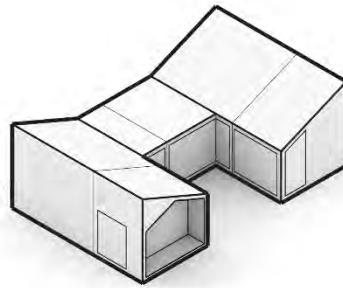




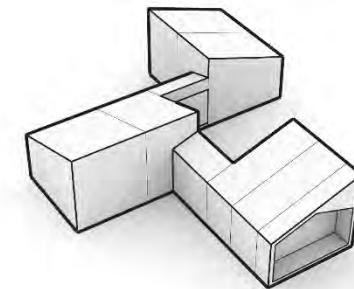
**K** | Kompakt | **120m<sup>2</sup>**



**V** | Vinkel | **109m<sup>2</sup>**

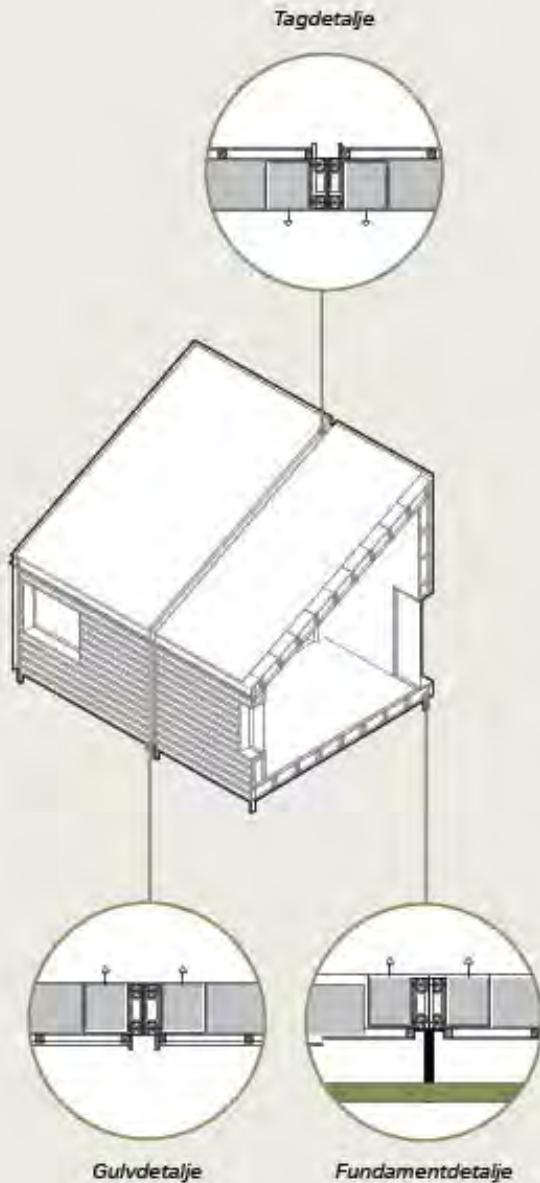


**U** | Gårdhavehus | **118m<sup>2</sup>**



**X** | Åben Form | **137m<sup>2</sup>**

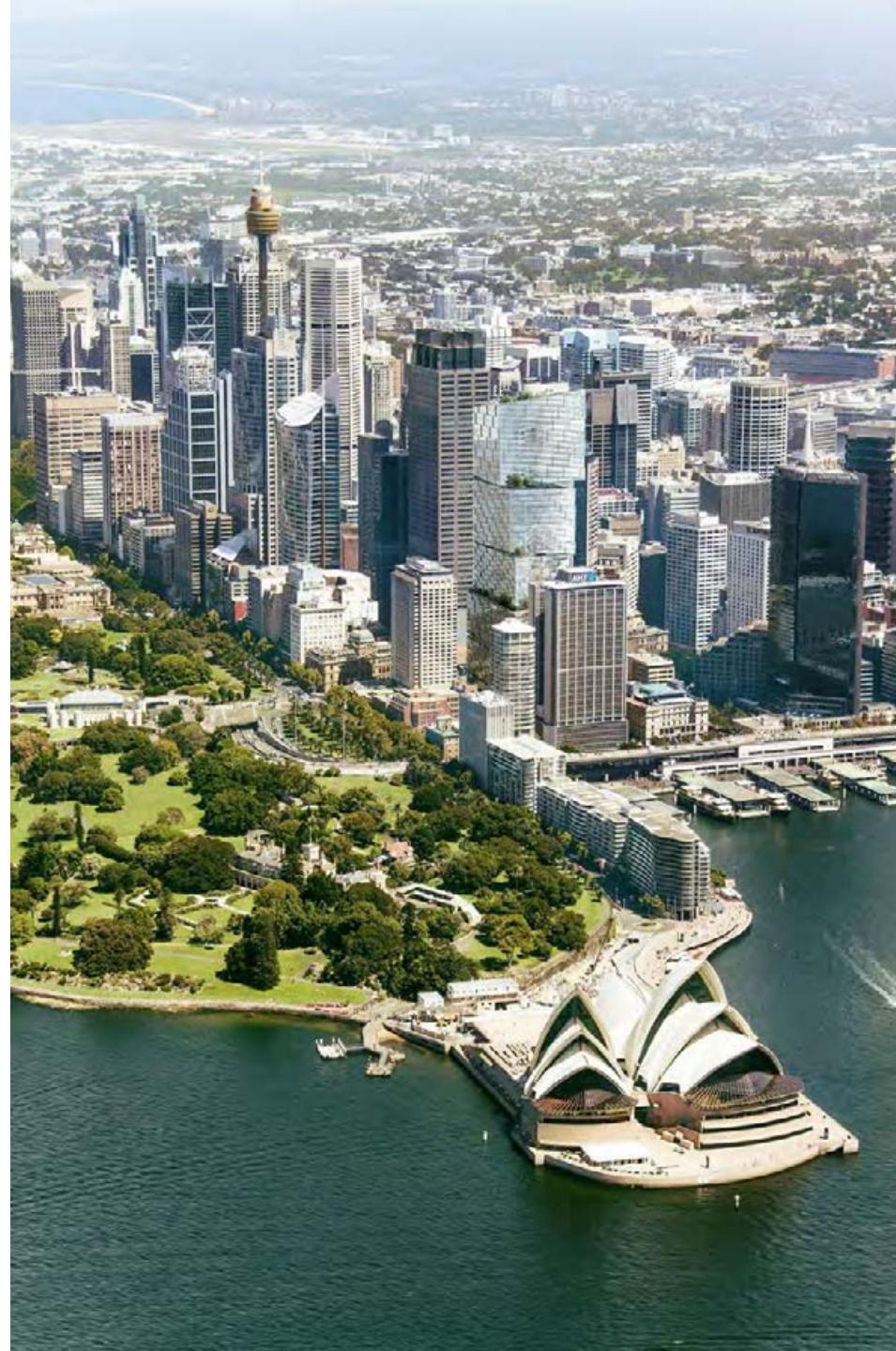






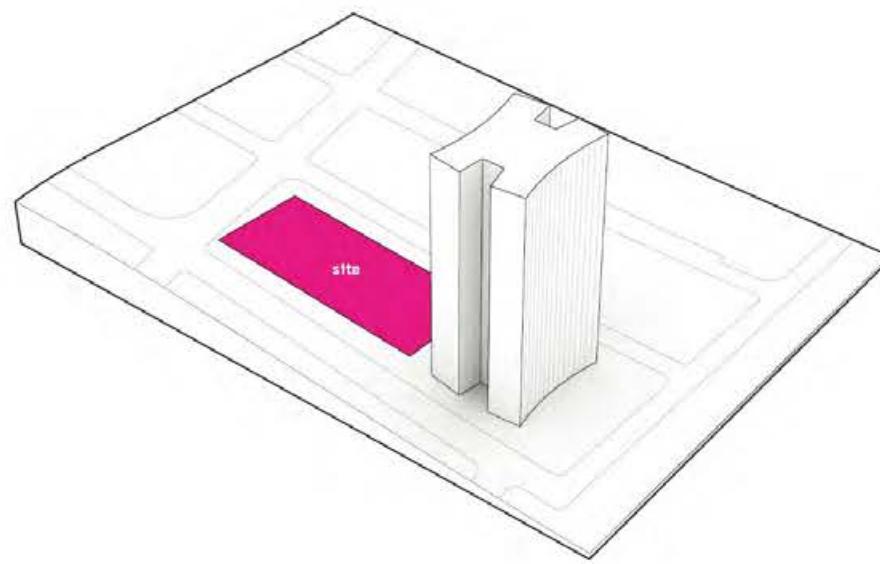
E078

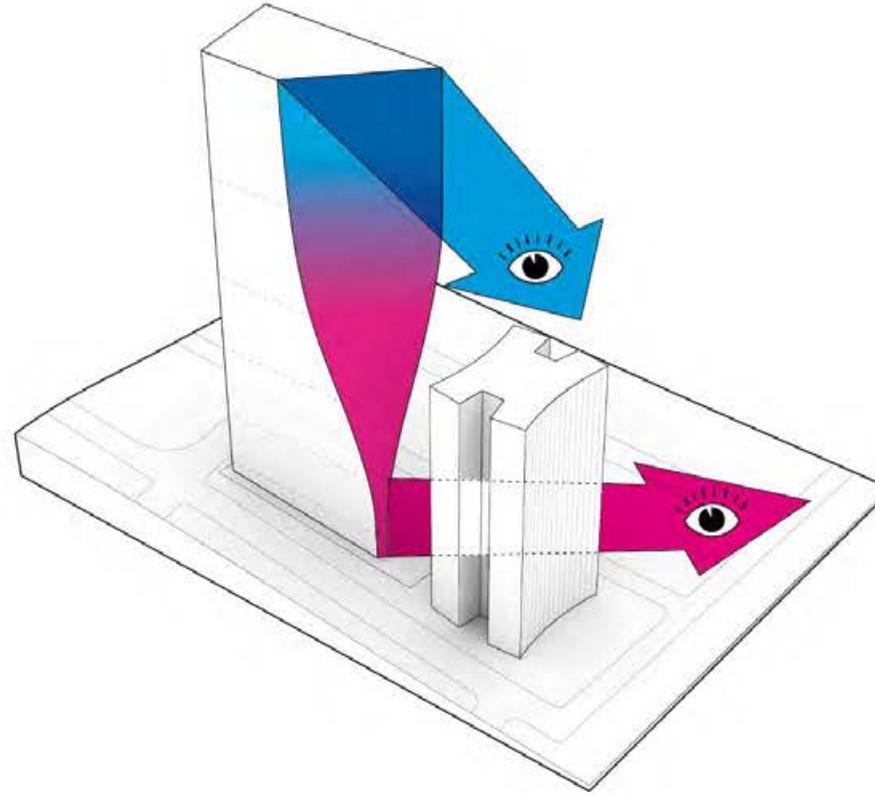
WHAT IF WE CAN CREATE CIRCULAR  
CITIES WITH URBAN MINING?

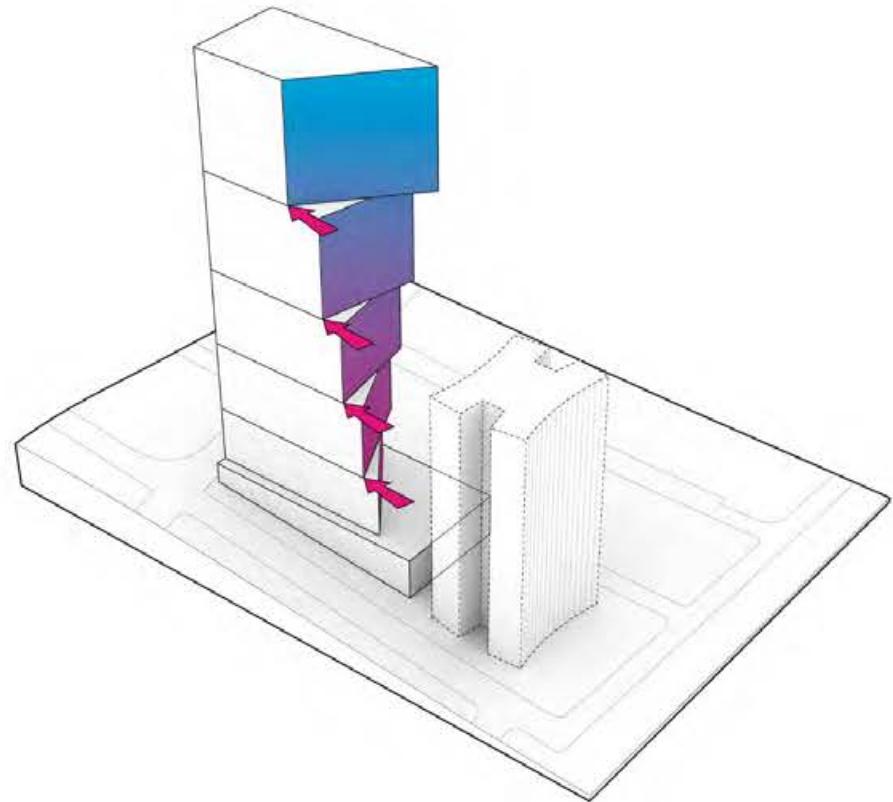


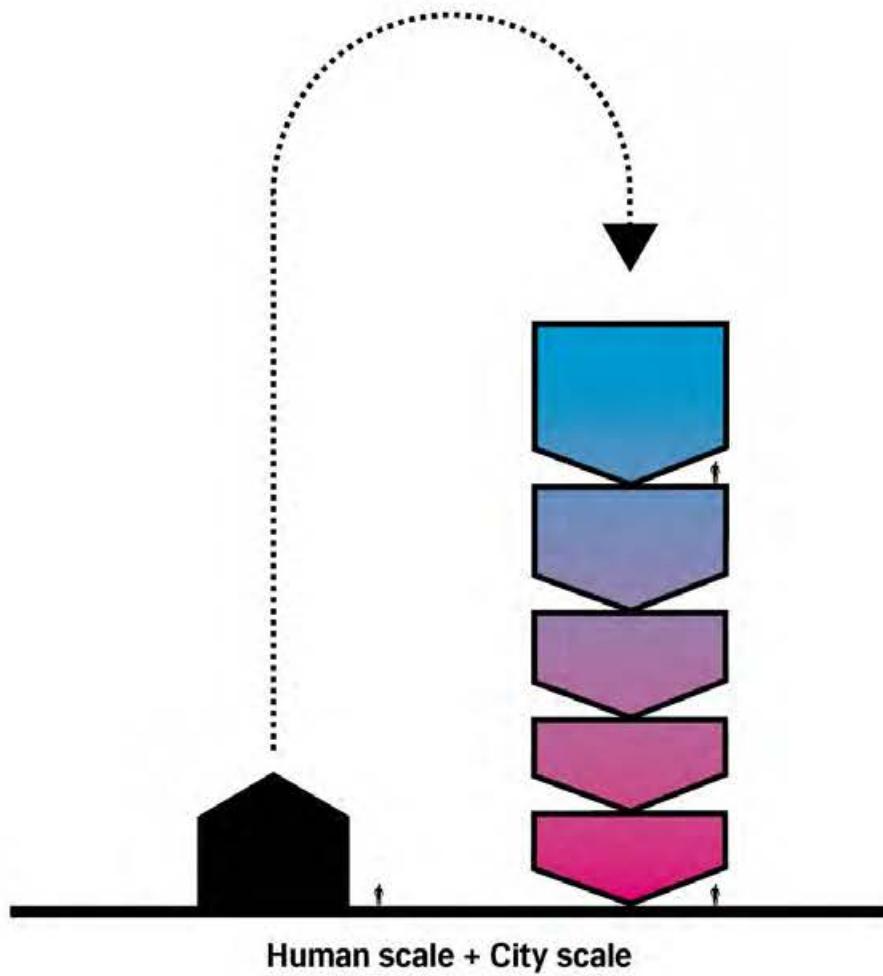




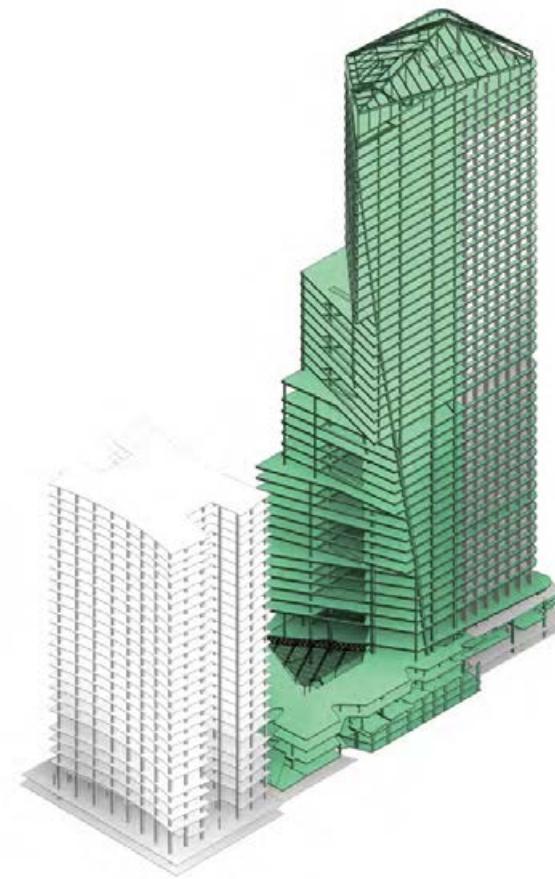
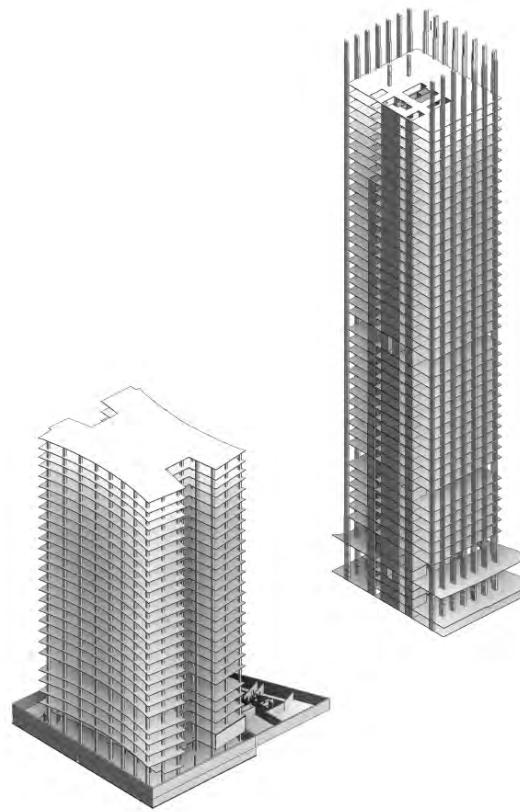
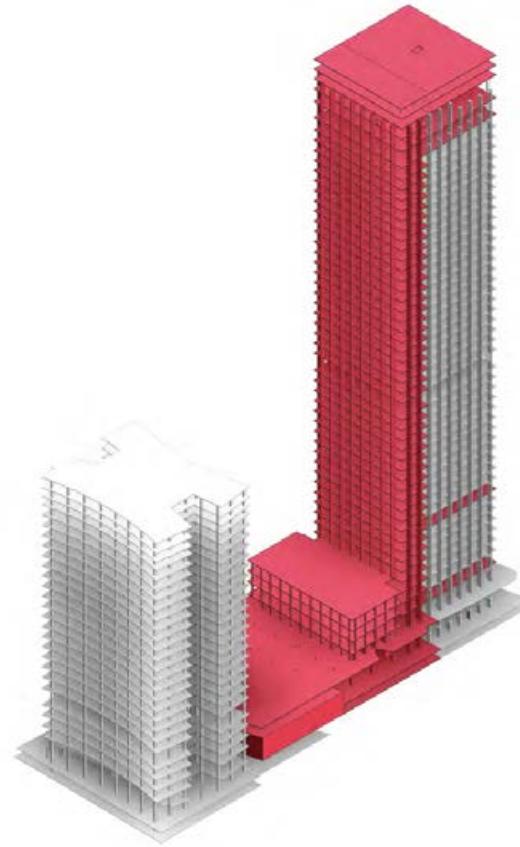










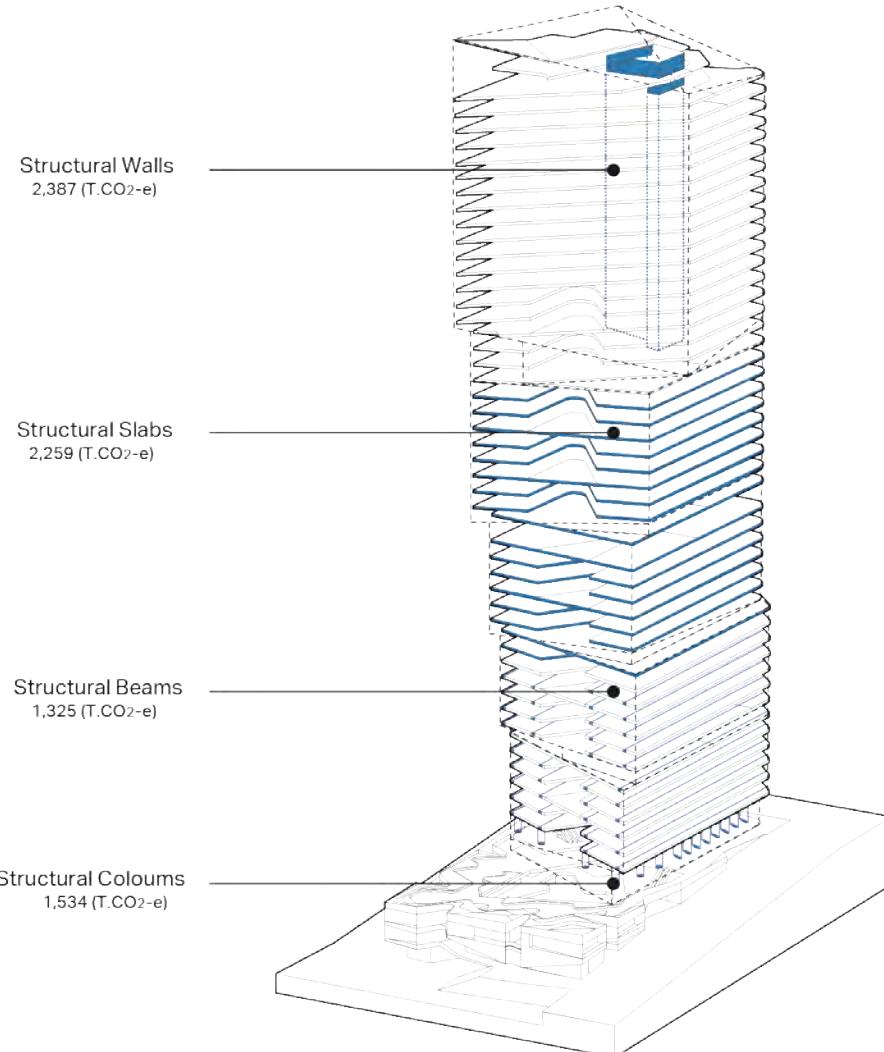


**RETAINING 98%**  
STRUCTURAL WALLS

# 7.505 Tons of CO<sub>2</sub>

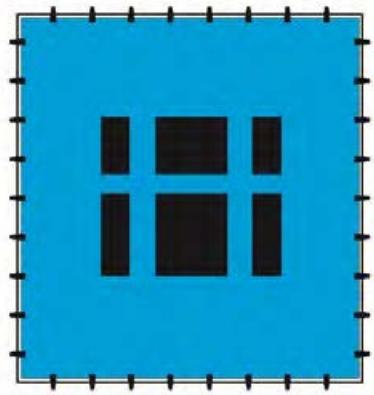
## EMISSIONS SAVED

\*

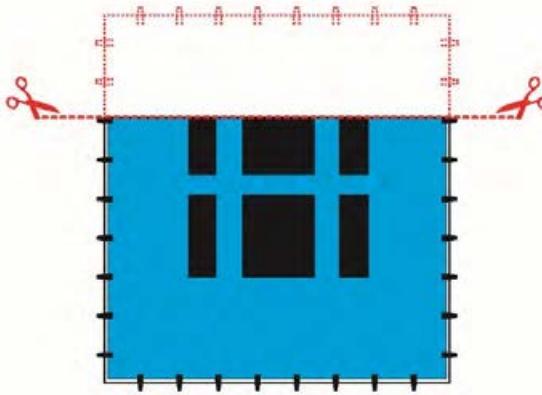


\* The results are based on a published Australian data.

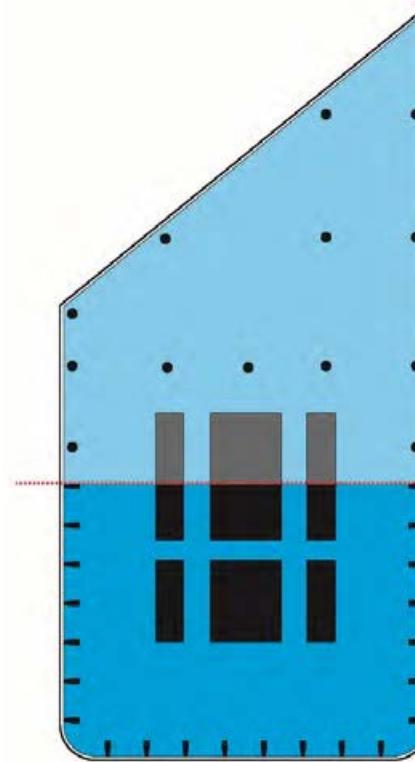




Existing

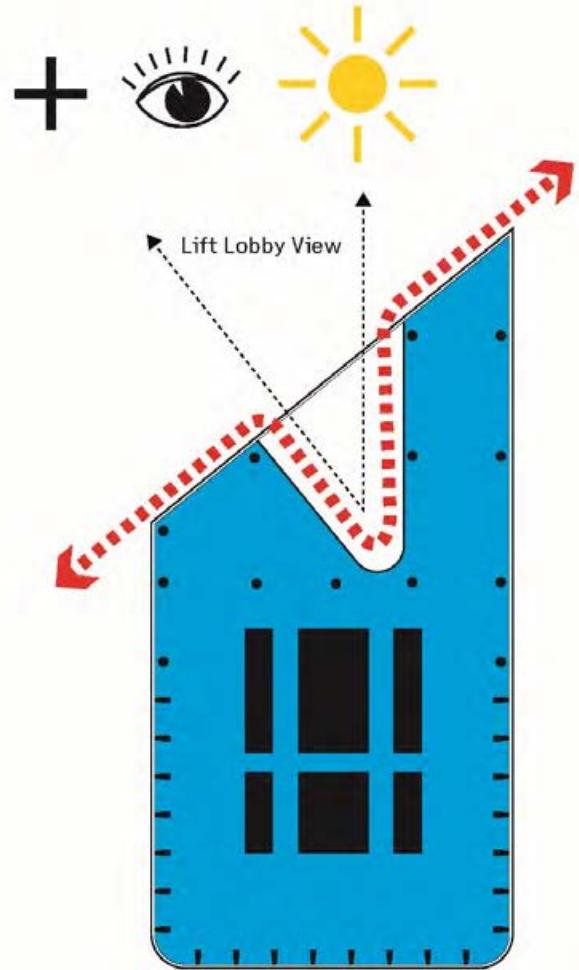


Remaining

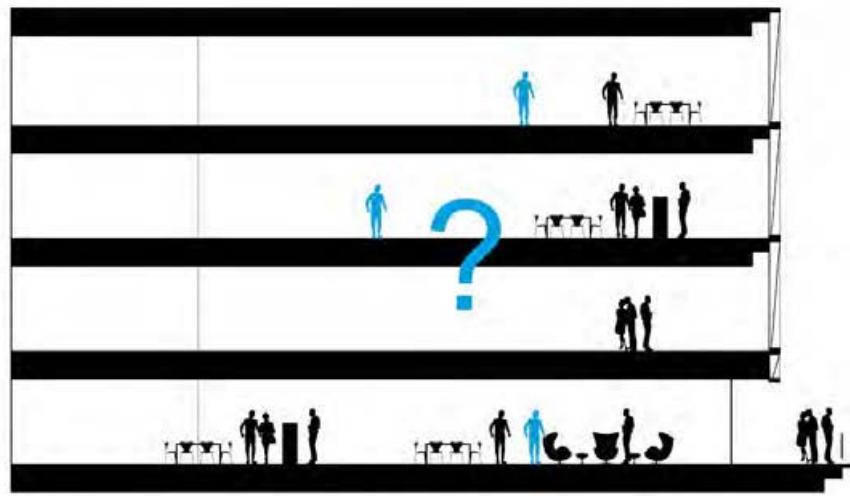


Existing / New

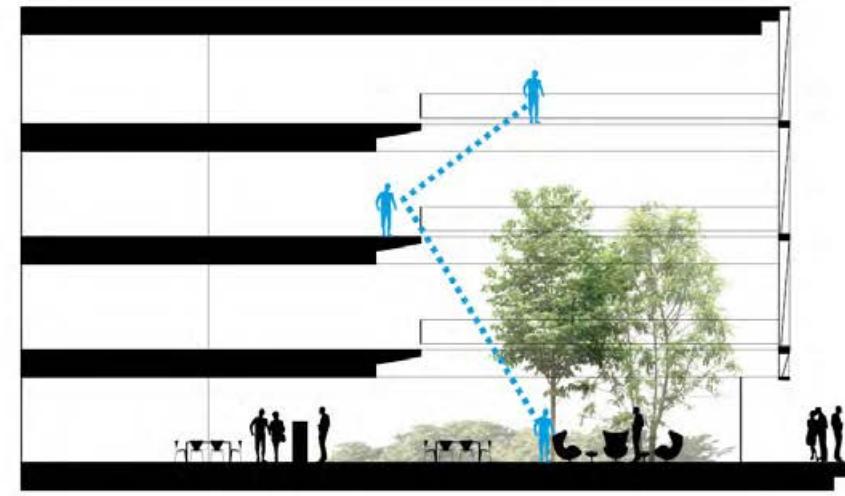
**\$130,000,000**   
MATERIAL + TIME SAVED



Increased Views / Daylighting

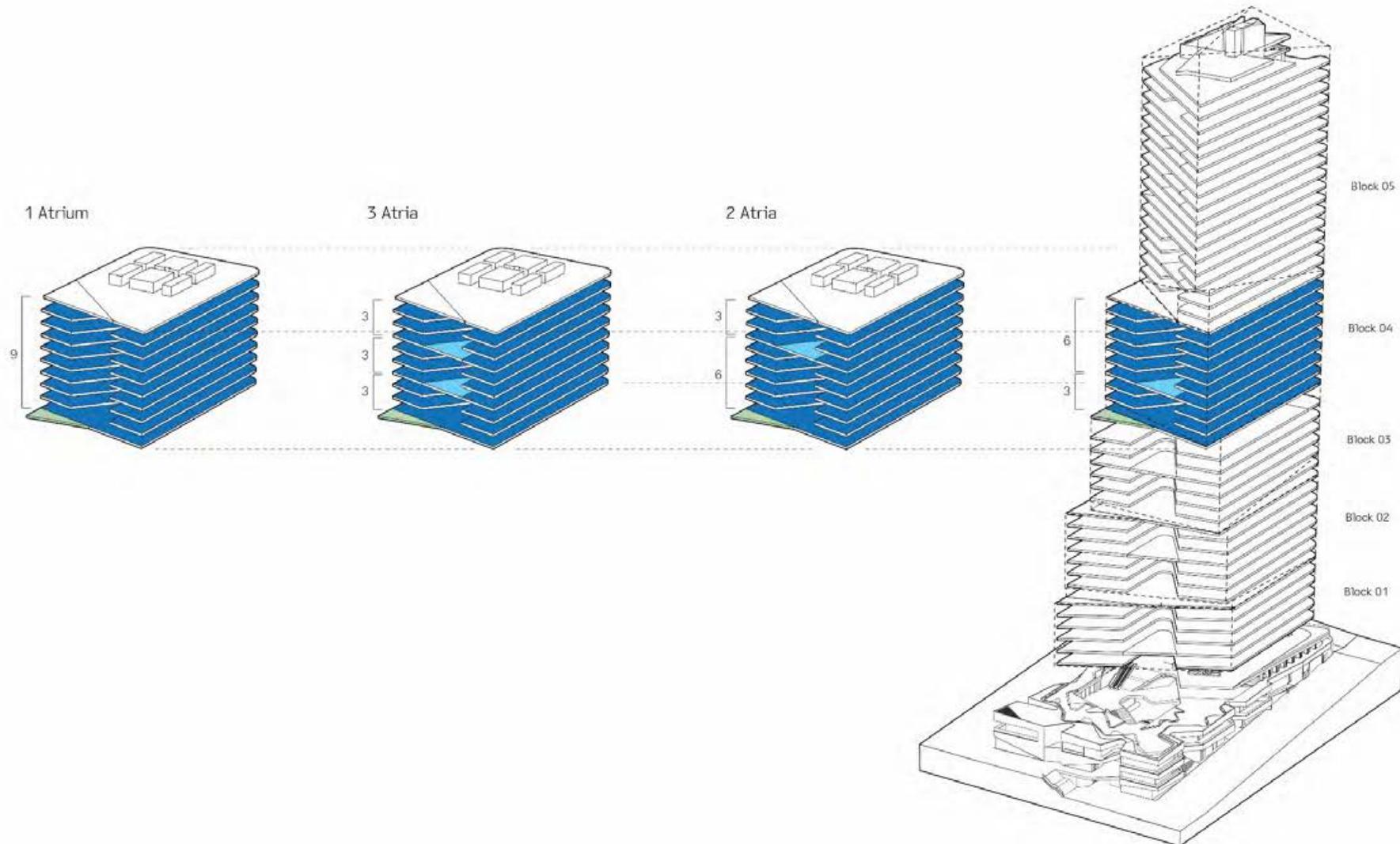


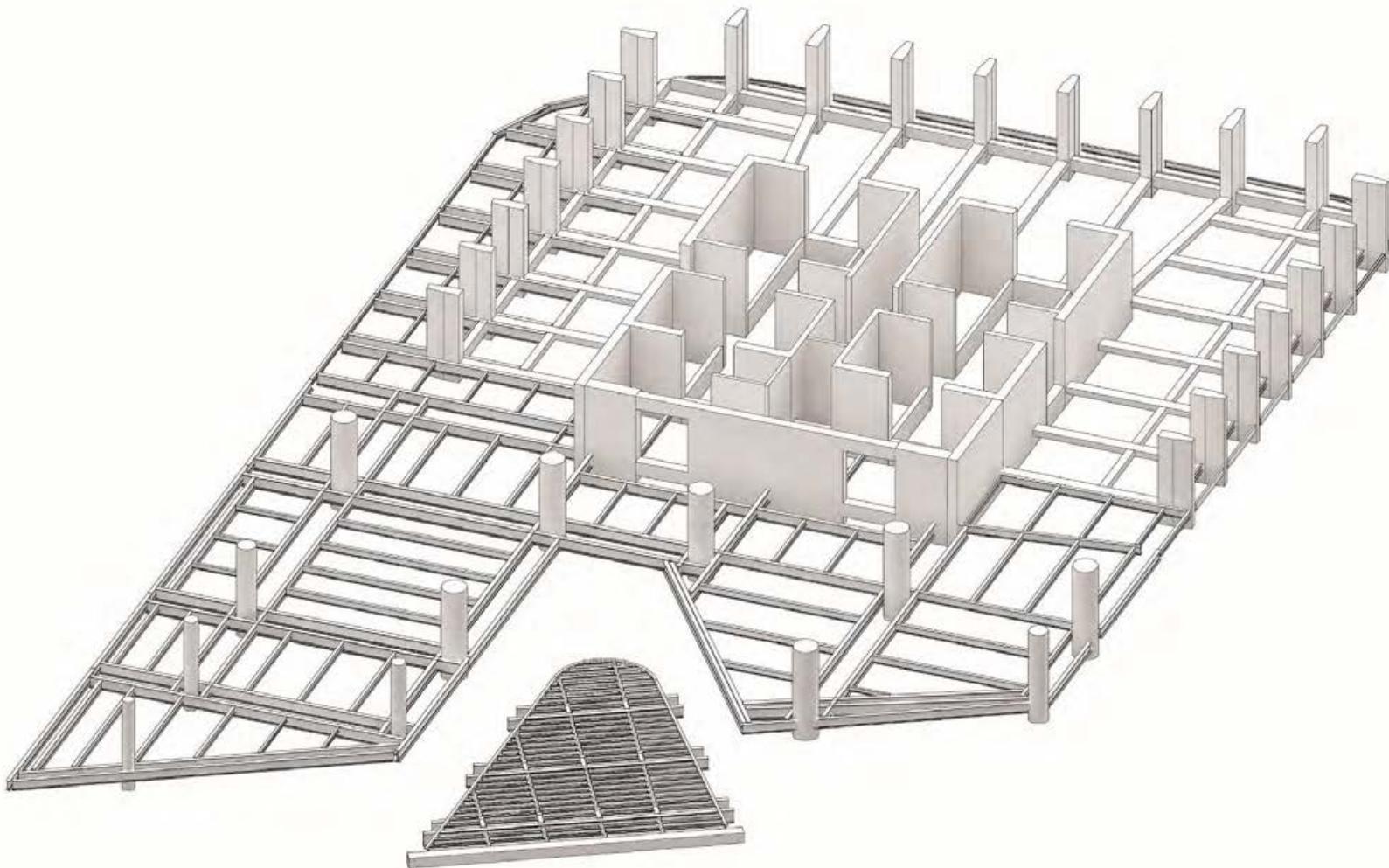
Typical High Rise

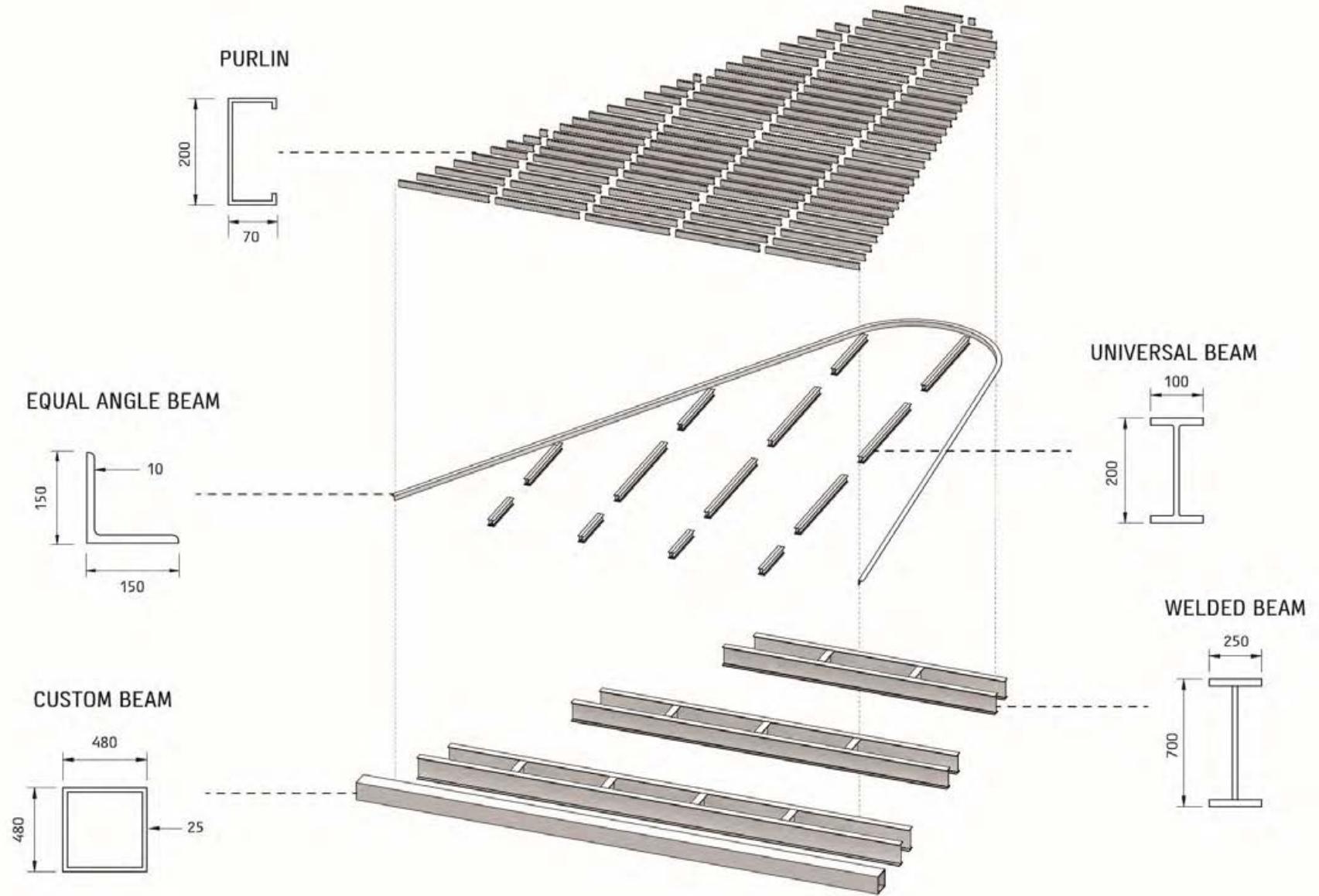


Proposal

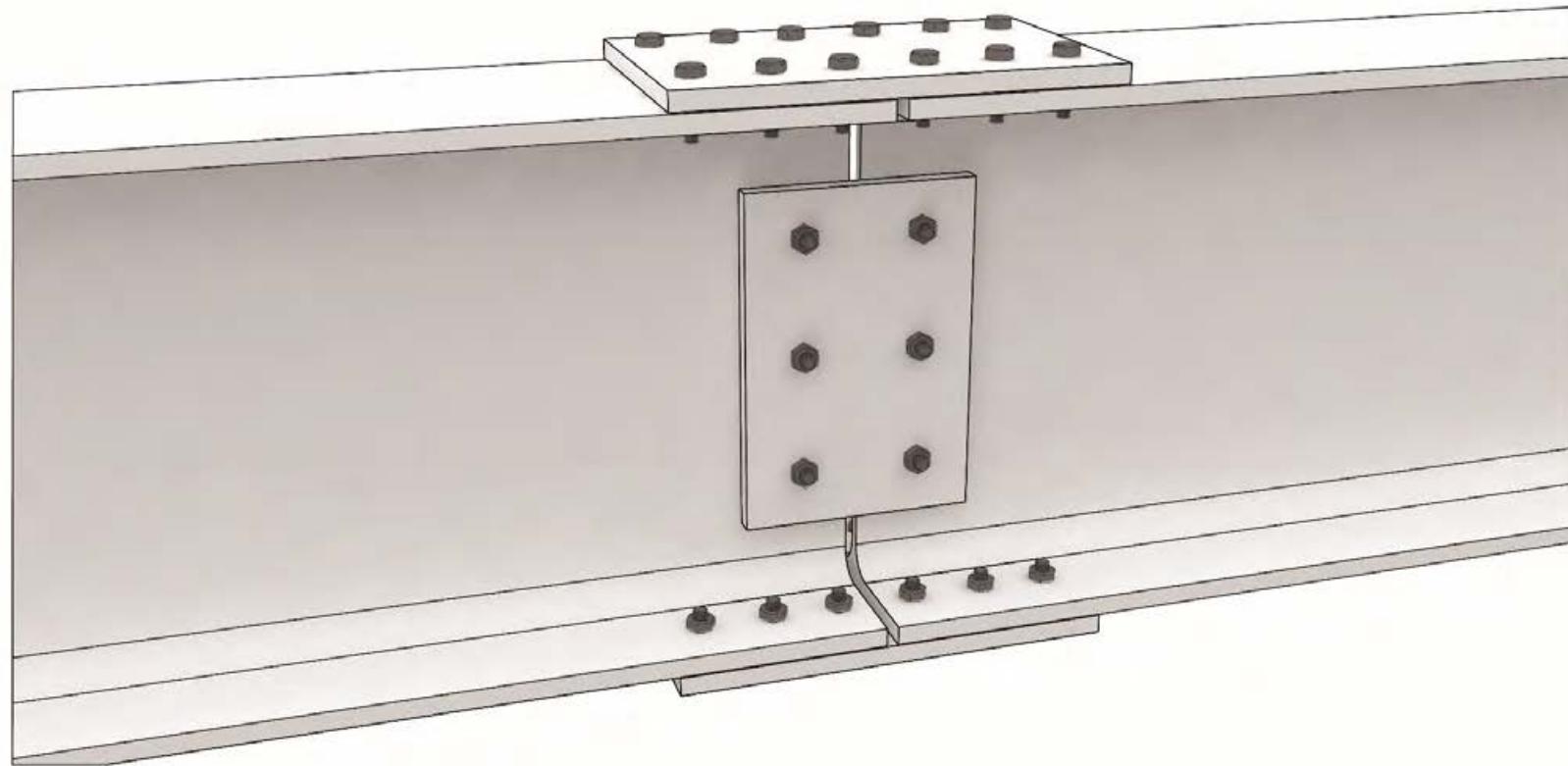


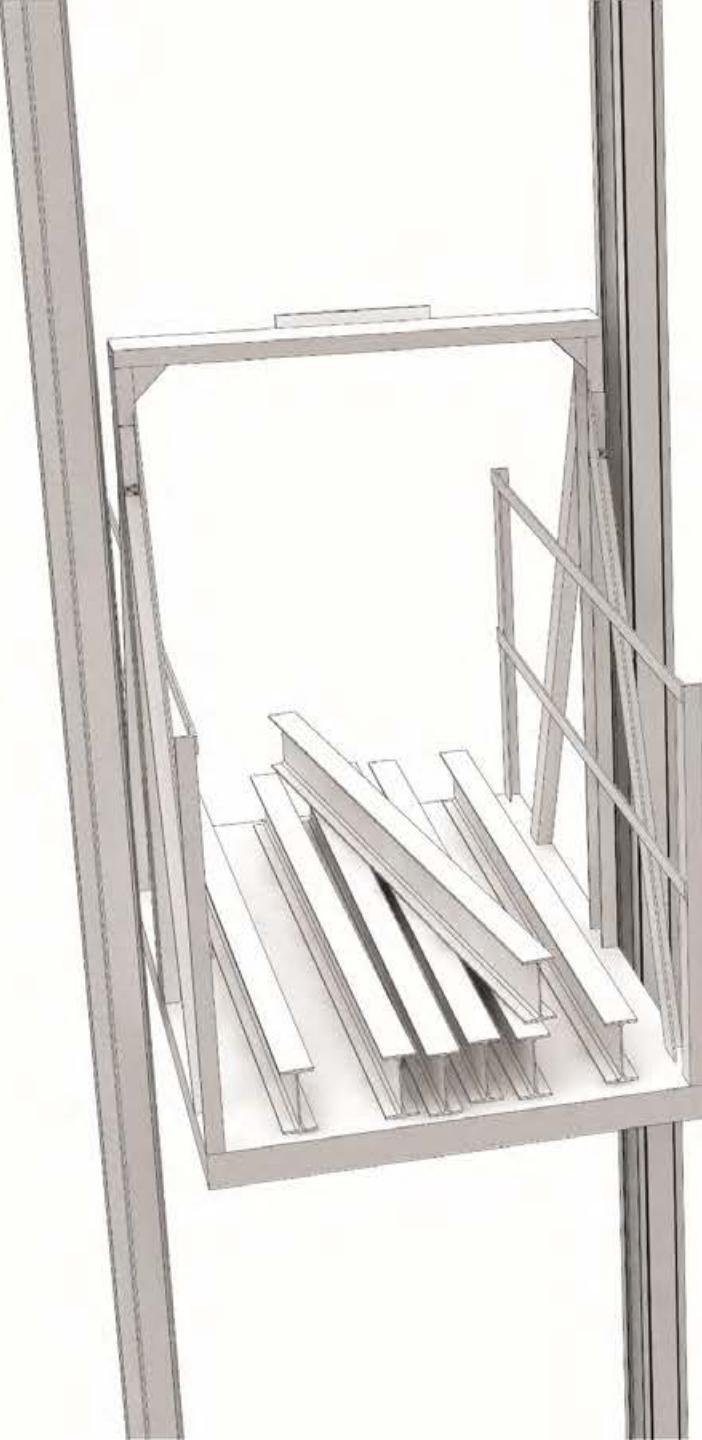






## TYPICAL SPLICE DETAIL FOR ATRIUM INFILL PANEL AND DECON FLOOR











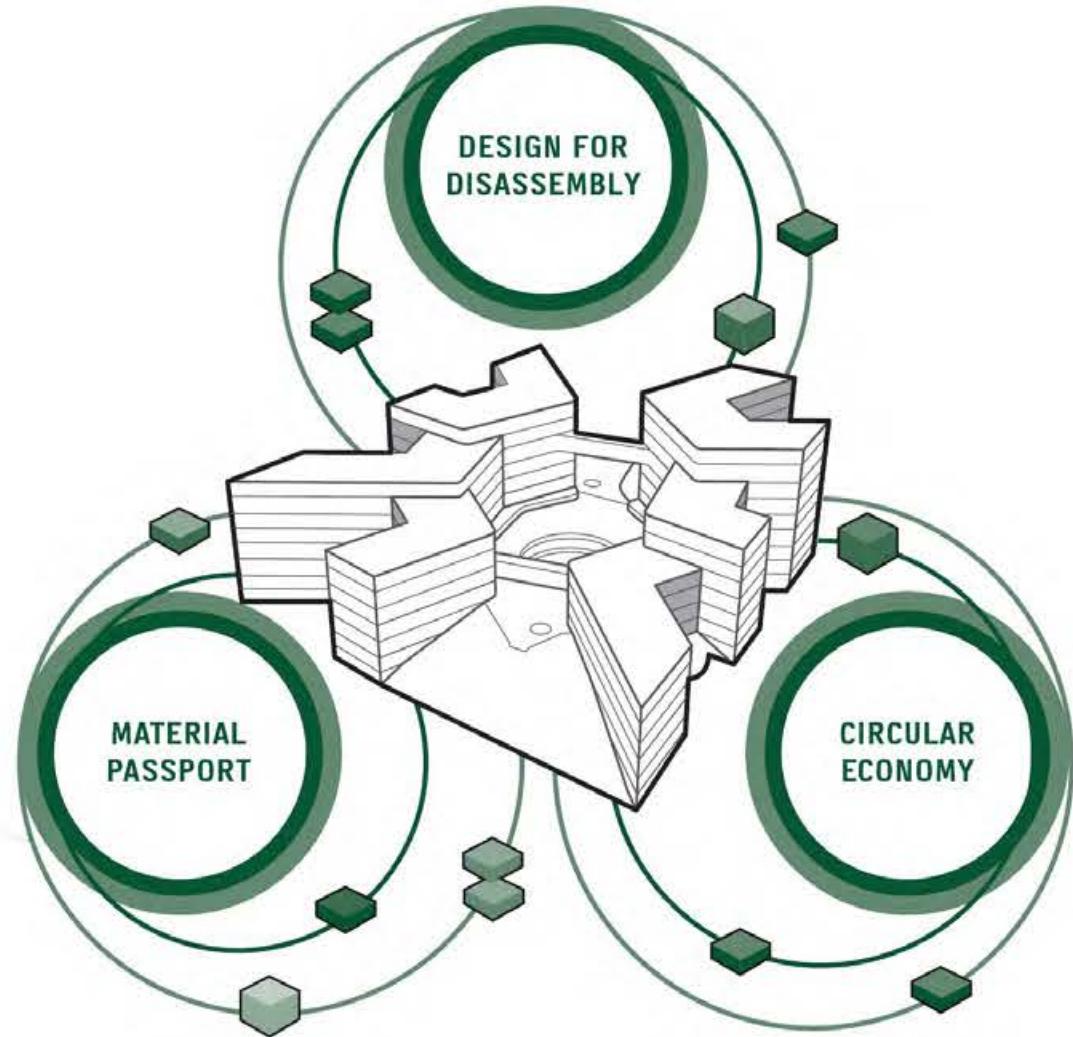






WE NEED TO RETHINK  
THE WAY WE MAKE THING

Building a  
Circular Future



BUILDING A CIRCULAR FUTURE





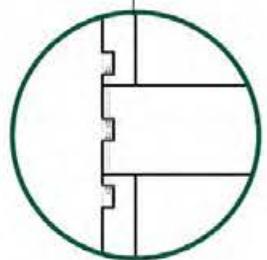
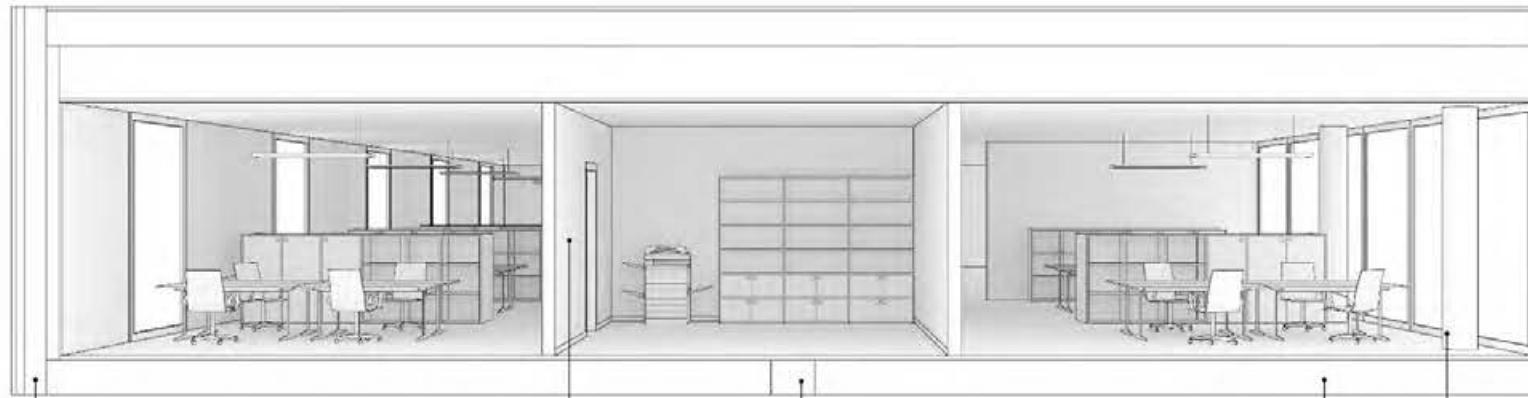
PUDONG, SHAGHAI 1987



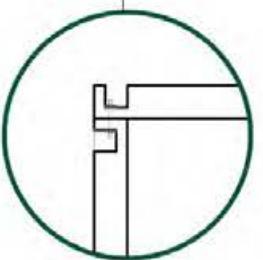
PUDONG, SHAGHAI 2013



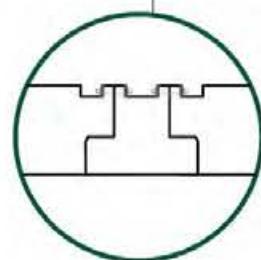




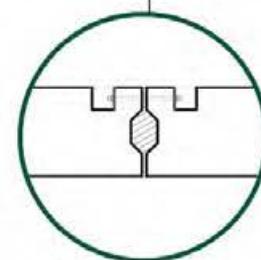
**SLAB - WALL** New separable joints using mechanical connections with nuts and bolts.



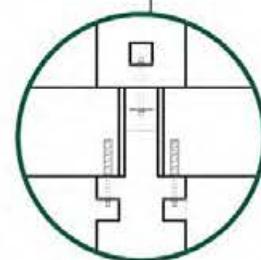
**WALL - WALL** New separable joints using mechanical connections with nuts and bolts.



**SLAB - BEAM** New separable joints using mechanical connections with nuts and bolts.

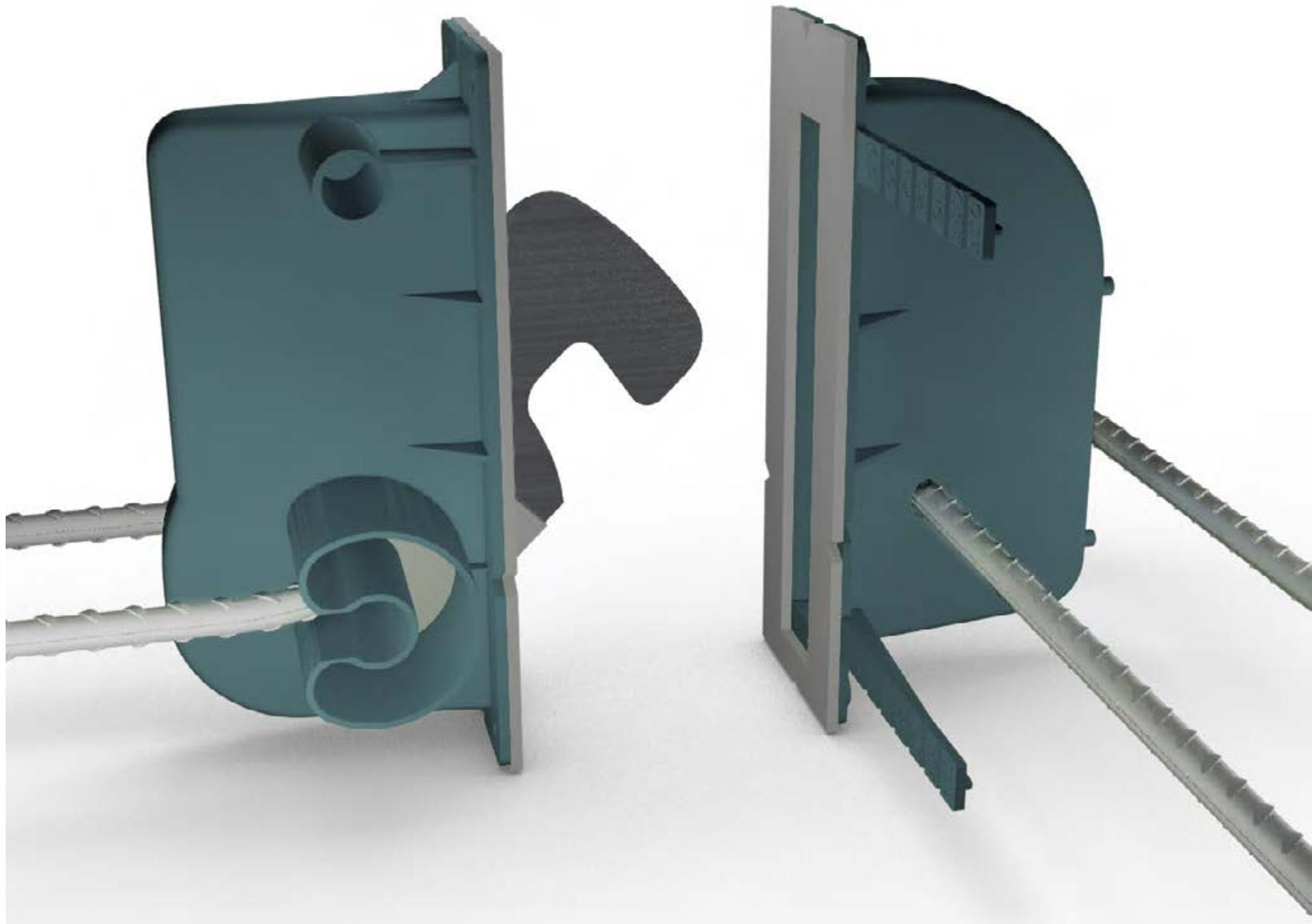


**SLAB - SLAB** New separable joints using mechanical connections with nuts and bolts and lime mortar.



**COLUMN - SLAB** New separable joints using mechanical connections with nuts and bolts and lime mortar.







3D

4D

5D

6D

## Virtuel Design & Construction

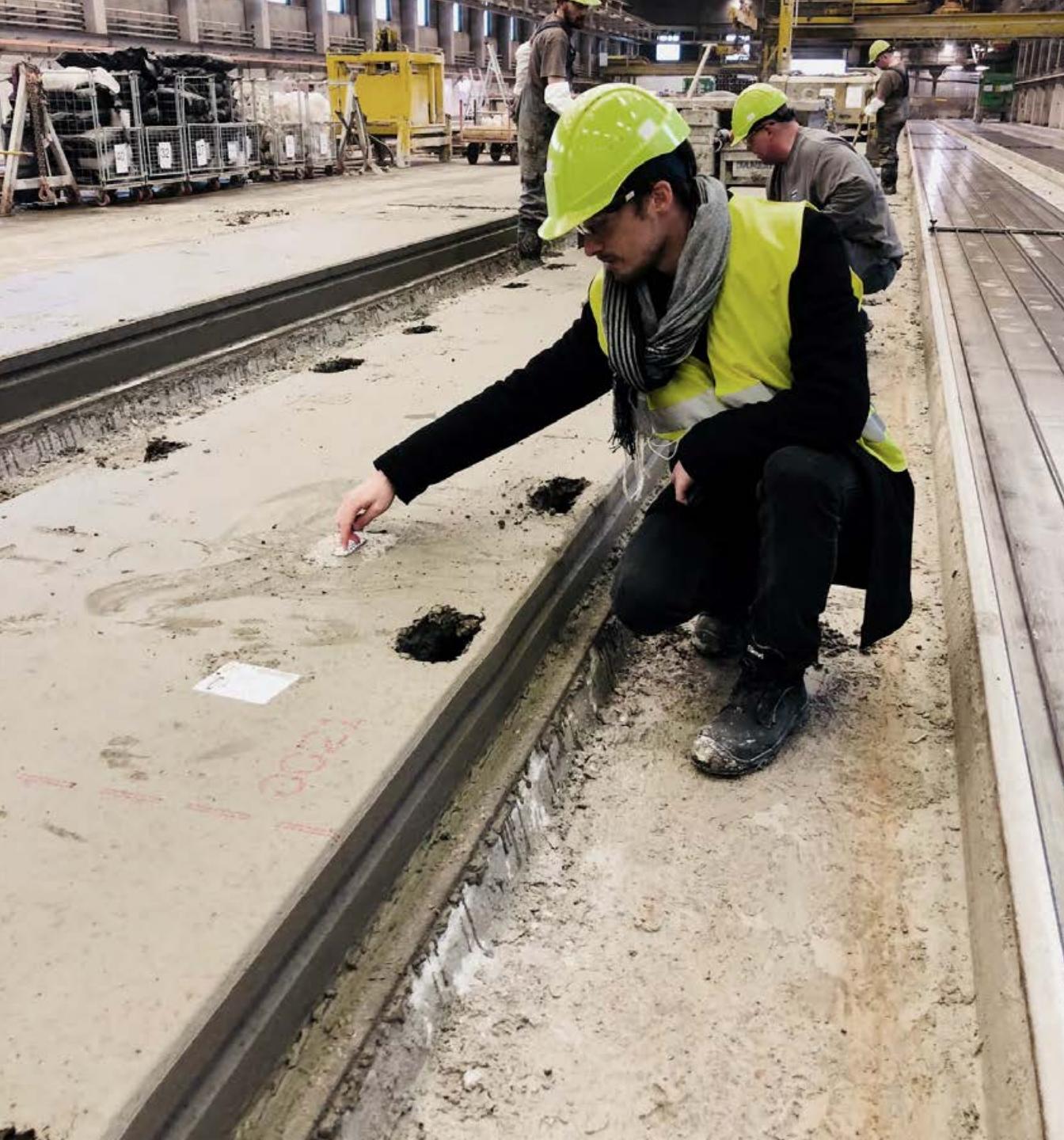




The image shows a tablet displaying the Magister software interface. The top navigation bar includes 'HOME', 'PORTFOLIOS' (which is selected), and 'ADMINISTRATION'. A user profile for 'WILLIAM VAN OMEN' is shown on the right. The main content area is titled 'DE KUBUS' and features a navigation bar with tabs: 'GENERAL', 'BUILDING' (selected), 'BUILDINGPROCES', 'CIRCULARITY', and 'DOSSIER'. Below this is a filter section with 'FILTER MATERIAL' and 'VIEW' options. The central part of the screen displays building components and their volumes:

	TOTALS	SITE	STRUCTURE	SKIN	SERVICES	SPACE PLAN	STUFF	UNKNOWN
TOTALEN	1165 M <sup>3</sup>	83 M <sup>3</sup>	412 M <sup>3</sup>	234 M <sup>3</sup>	52 M <sup>3</sup>	123 M <sup>3</sup>	345 M <sup>3</sup>	342 M <sup>3</sup>
STONE	5% 83 M <sup>3</sup>							
GLASS	5% 83 M <sup>3</sup>							

Each row contains a small icon representing the material type (House for Totals, House for Site, etc.) followed by the percentage and volume.





10198

Material Google

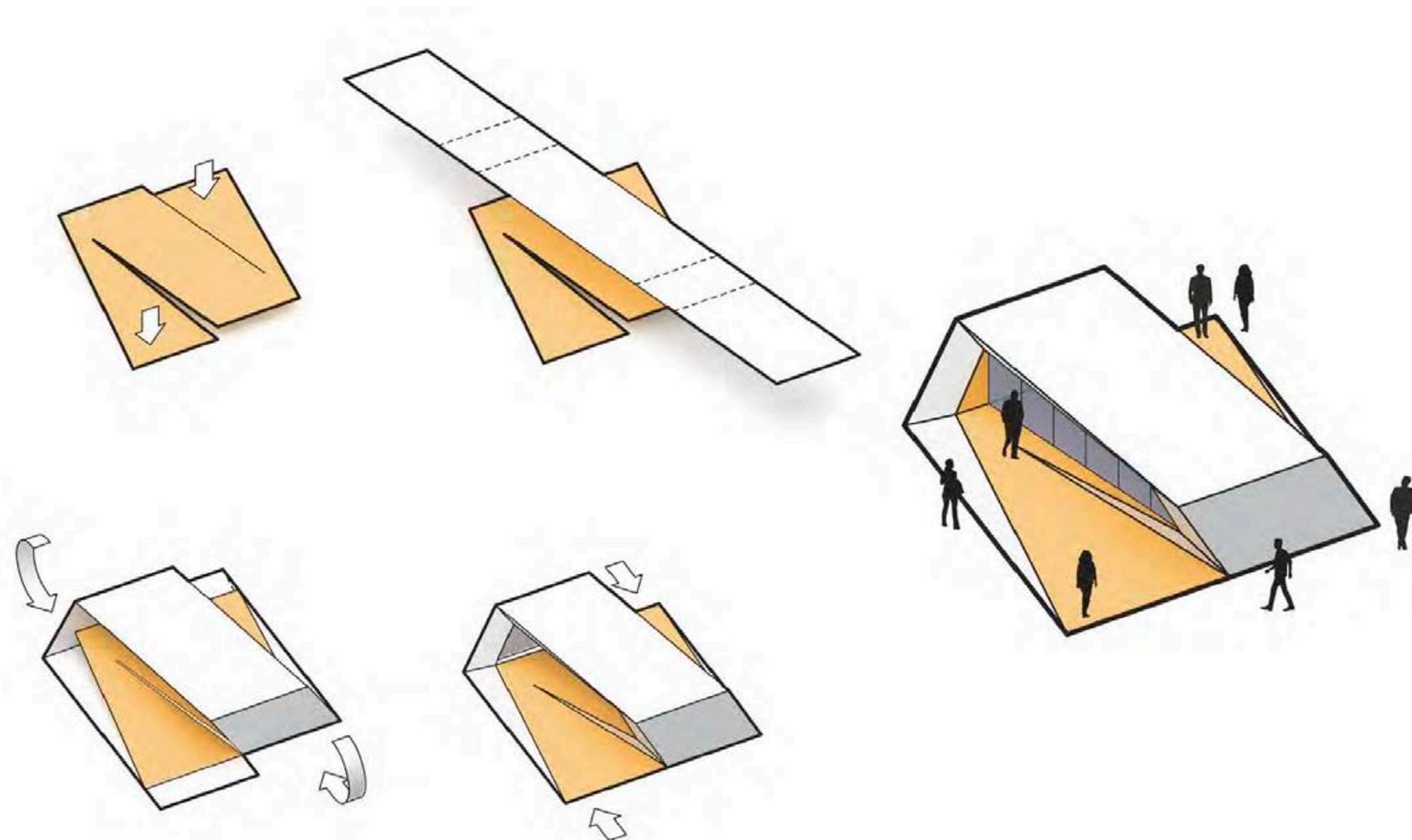
# circularity lab

Google

ARUP

3XN  
GXN













WE NEED TO RETHINK  
THE WAY WE CALCULATE







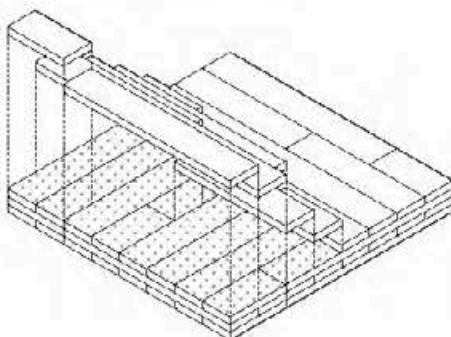


### Cross Laminated Timber (CLT)

The wooden structure is built in Cross Laminated Timber, which is both a very strong and efficient building material and at the same time it has a very low environmental and climate impact during production. This will also give the interior of the building a unique and characteristic expression that reflects the character of the exterior. Both the wood itself and the shape of the wooden frame ensure good acoustics and generally a healthy and comfortable indoor climate.

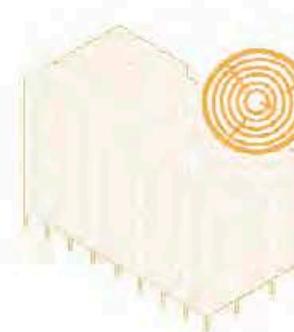
### Bio-treated timber

The materials we use for our buildings should be toxin free and support our health. Not just for ourselves, but also for future generations that will have to utilize the materials and solutions we develop today. Utilising a formaldehyde-free bioglue in the CLT ensures a healthy indoor climate whilst also protecting the environment. Treating the timber with a natural impregnation



CLT is produced by crossing and gluing smaller pieces of wood.

### Value Creation



-  Structural Efficiency
-  Optimized Construction
-  Storing Carbon
-  Controlling Humidity

#### Structural Efficiency

Timber is the structurally most efficient material by weight. It thereby requires less resources to handle during the construction phase and the lighter material also requires less foundation.

(Large-Span Timber Structures — Roberto Crocetti, 2010)

#### Optimised construction

Timber construction only takes 2/3<sup>rd</sup> the construction time of traditional concrete buildings and require only 1/6<sup>th</sup> of the transport

(Berlin keynote — Bente Madsen, 2010)

#### Storing Carbon

For every dry tonne of timber produced, 1.8 tonnes of carbon dioxide is taken from the atmosphere. Timber is a renewable material. When a tree is felled a new can grow in its place.

(Timber in the carbon economy — Timber NSW, 2018)

#### Controlling Humidity

Wood is breathable and can absorb and release moisture. It creates a naturally regulated indoor climate.

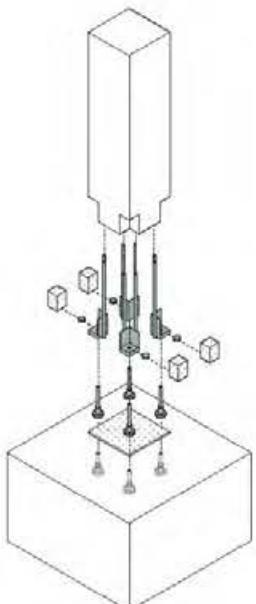
(Wood handbook — US Department of Agriculture Forest Service, 2010)

#### Reversible connections

Mechanical and reversible joints and easily dissolvable binders between concrete elements, are implemented to allow for easy assembly and disassembly. This is making a second life for the materials as well as easy maintenance possible.

#### Upcycle concrete

Concrete is a CO<sub>2</sub>-expensive building material. It is among other things the production of cement that pays the environment and contributes negatively to the greenhouse effect. Cement contributes with approx. 6% of total man-made CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the world.

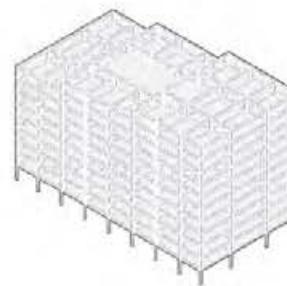


Upcycled concrete with aggregates of reused concrete.



All the concrete elements are joined by bolted steel connections, all reversible reusable in the future.

#### Value Creation



##### Ready for Circular Economy

Earn 4% of the new build value on the superstructure and envelope by designing it for disassembly.

(Building a Circular Future — GKN, 2016)

##### Thermal performance

Concrete acts as a heat store. This enables cost savings to be made in energy requirements with a reduction in the need for heat generation.

(A sustainable construction products dilemma — Mollearn, 2013)

##### Cheap Insurance

Insurance rates for concrete frame buildings are 14 to 65% less than for timber frame structures.

(Underwriters aware of the risks of wood-frame construction: Survey — Insurance Business America, 2017)

##### Fast Construction

Making a bolted connection takes 15 to 20 minutes – it's 3 to 4 times faster when compared to traditional concrete construction methods.



MAKE (HOW MUCH), USE (HOW LONG),  
REUSE (HOW MANY)

# Circle House

— Danmarks første  
cirkulære boligbyggeri

**3XN**



Jeppe Kongstad Hjort

**LENDAGER**



Nikolaj Callisen Friis

**Vandkunsten**



Kathrine West Kristensen

**GXI**



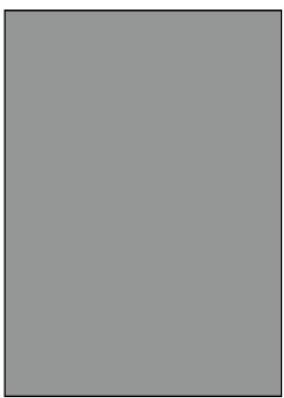
Casper Østergaard Christensen

## **Exposition / Exterior**



CIRCLE HOUSE / DEMONSTRATOR

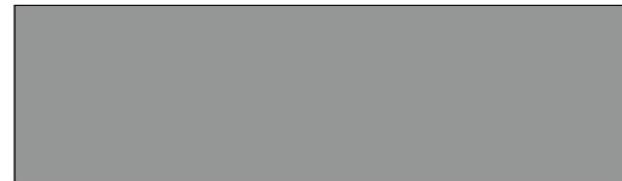
3XN  
GXN



+



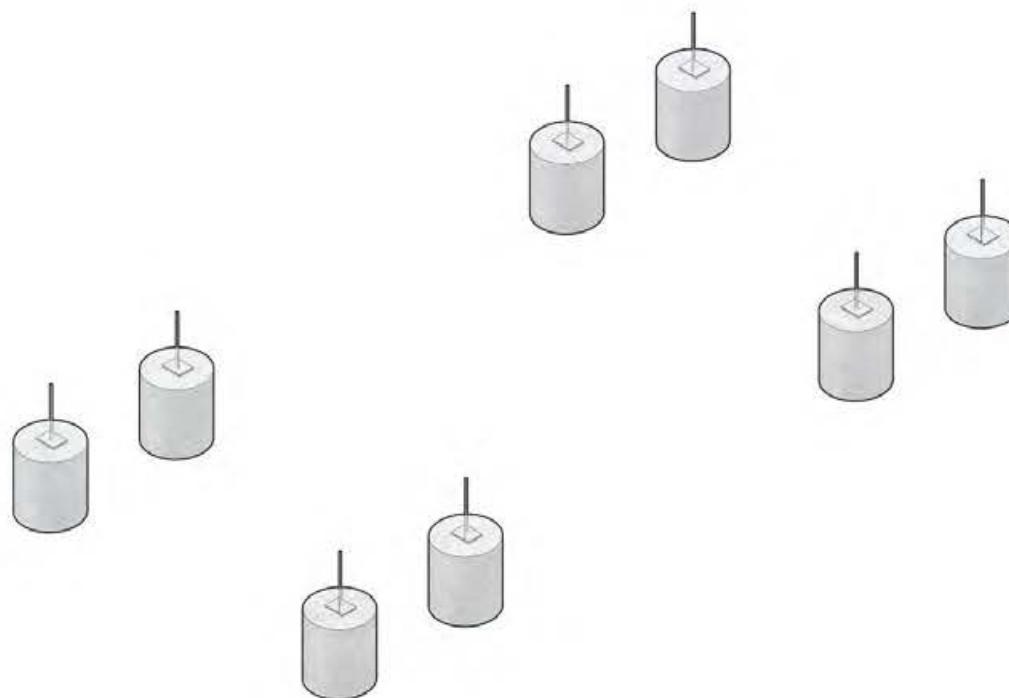
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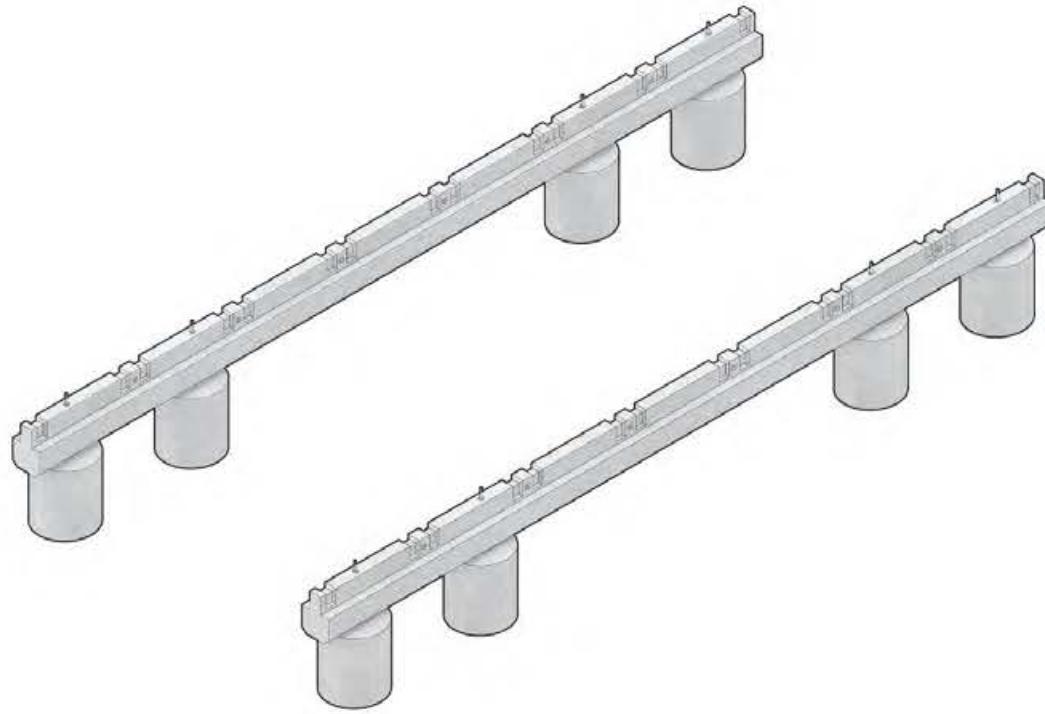


Wall

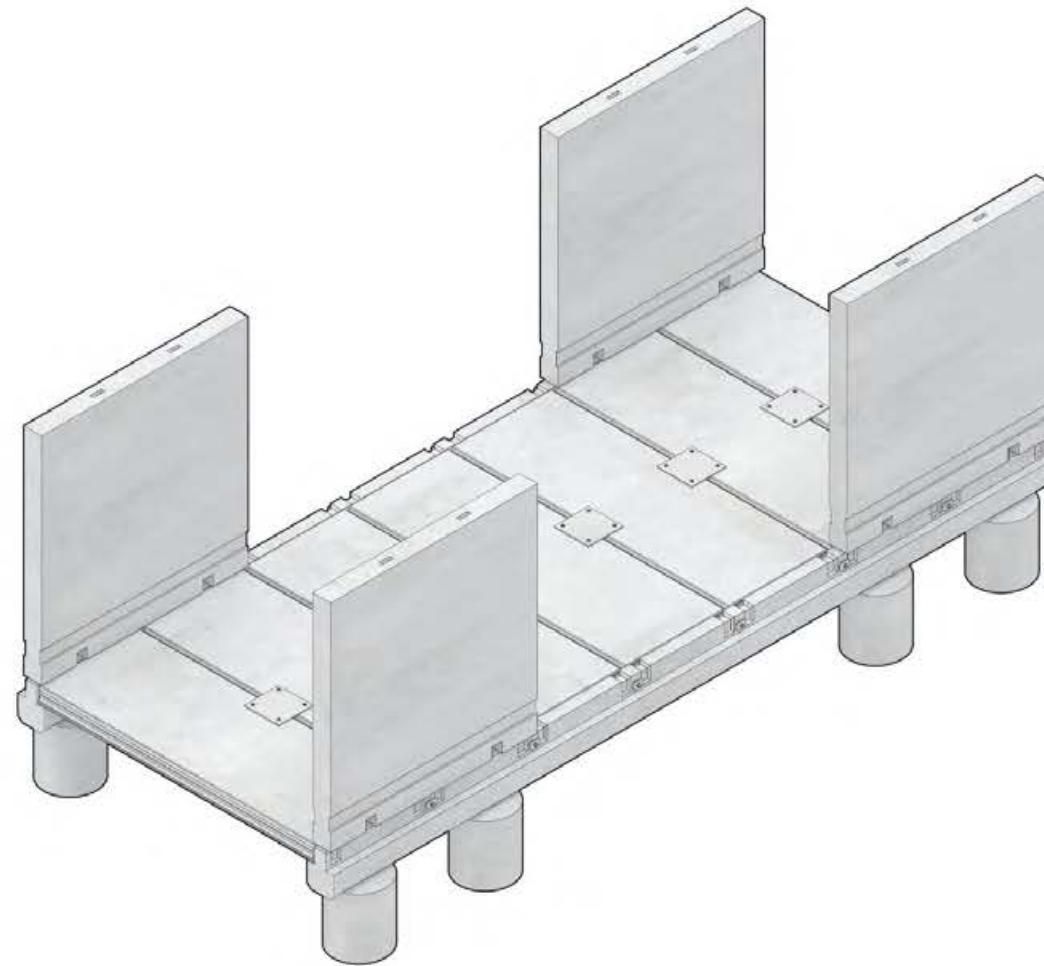
Beam

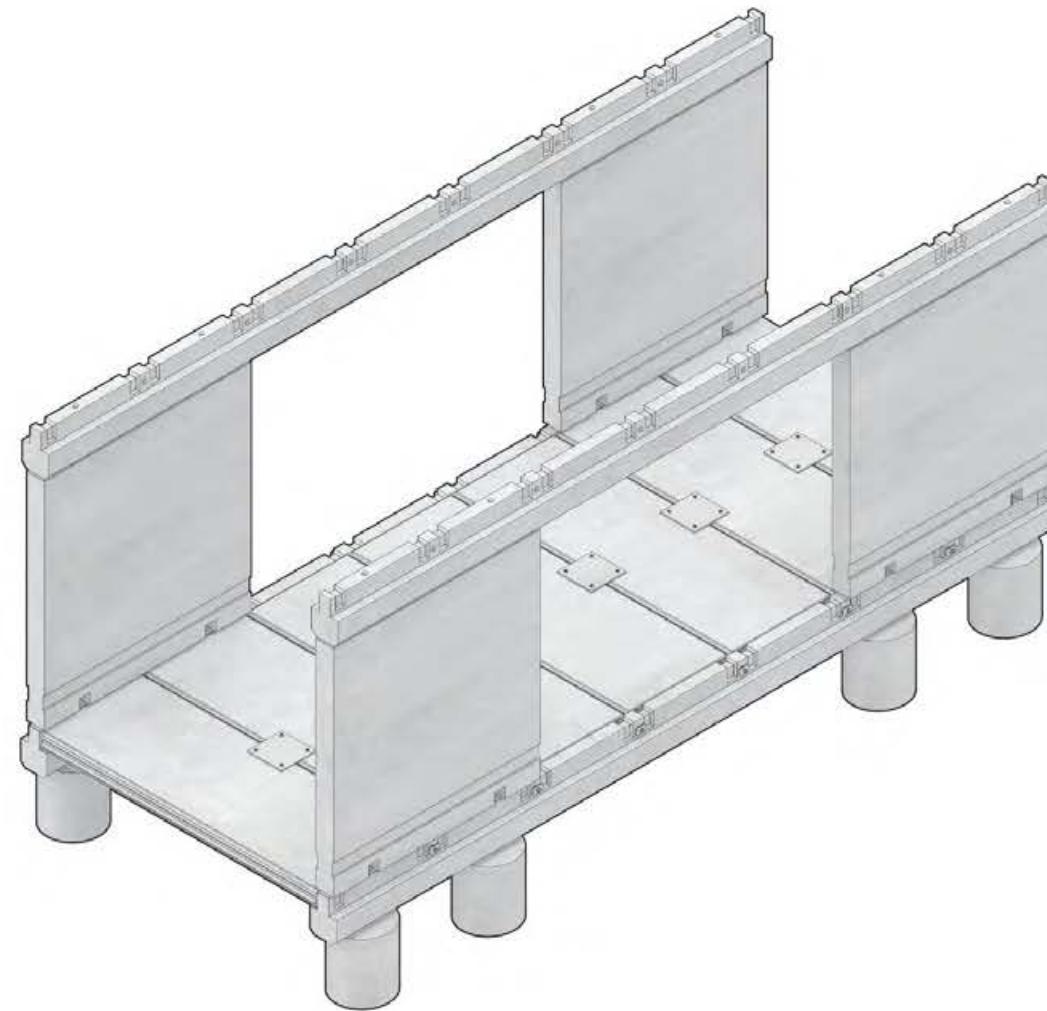
Deck





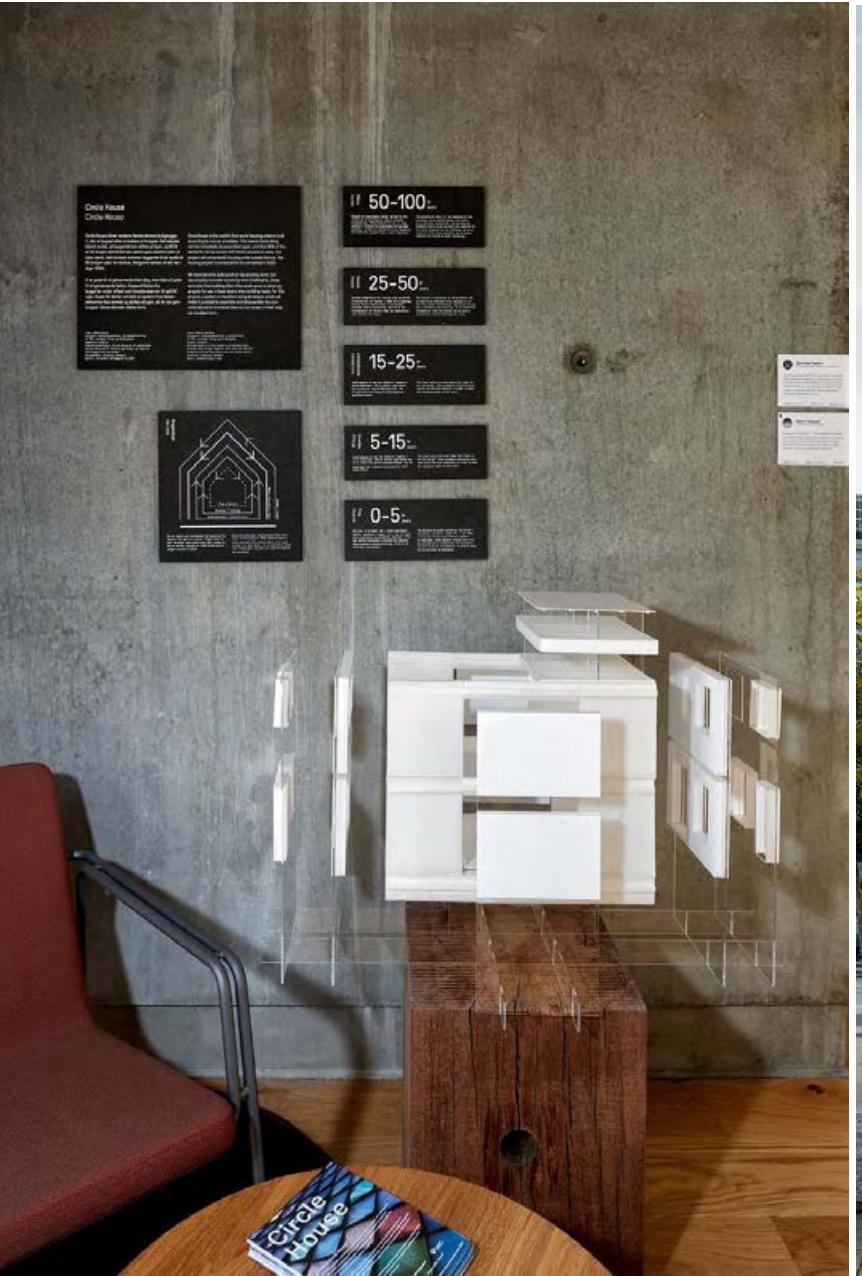








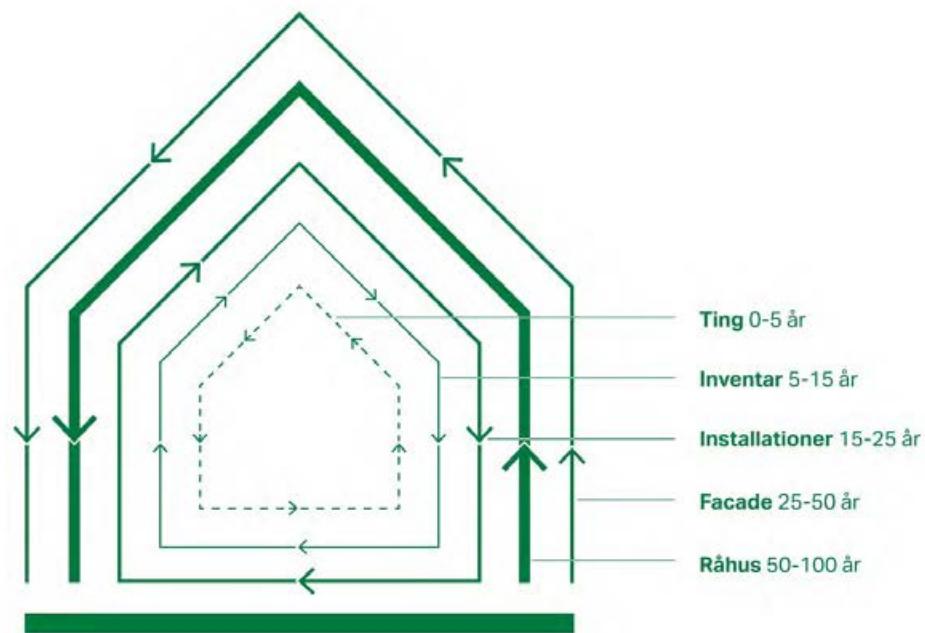
CIRCLE HOUSE / DEMONSTRATOR





# Hvad indeholder udstillingen?

Udstillingen er bygget op omkring bygningens brugscyklusser. Det er fundamentalt at designe så de forskellige lag ikke overlapper hinanden og dermed forhindrer adskillelse og genbrug.



Brugscyklus

15-25  
år

— Installationer

Installationerne i vores bygninger tages let for givet og som noget permanent, fordi de er skjulte og helt integrerede. Gennem en bygnings livscyklus kræver de dog tilsyn, vedligehold og udskiftning. Ved at gøre dem let tilgengængelige og adskilbare er det muligt at optimere driftsomkostningerne og gøre det nemmere at skifte sit badeværelse.

# Hvad nu hvis, dine vinduer kunne skiftes med et klik?



VELFAC 200 ENERGY skilt ad i materialefraktioner

93% af vinduets komponenter kan genanvendes

#### Fokus på materialerne

VELFAC 200 ENERGY består af 93% genanvendelige komponenter, som er fremstillet af naturlige materialer. Vinduet er designet så det nemt kan skilles helt ad i rene materialefraktioner med henblik på genanvendelse.

Den nemme adskillelse bidrager til, at langt størstedelen af materialerne kan indgå i en livscyklus, hvor de efter endt levetid kan genanvendes. Med fokus på recirkulering af materialerne øges andelen af materialer, der kan genanvendes løbende.

#### Case leverandør

VELFAC

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*'Hos VELFAC tror vi på vigtigheden af at undgå unødig spild af værdifulde ressourcer i forbindelse med vores produkters livscyklus'*

— Finn Jespersen, adm. direktør Velfac

#### Materialecomposition i VELFAC 200 ENERGY



#### Design for adskillelse

VELFAC 200 ENERGY er designet så de forholdsvis enkelt kan afmonteres fra facaden og genanvendes direkte. I fremtiden bliver det måske endnu nemmere med et klik-system, så vinduerne nemt kan indgå i flere byggerier gennem dets levetid og uden at miste værdi.

Efter sin livscyklus kan vinduerne nemt skilles ad i enkelte dele, og materialerne kan indgå i nye produkter. Det eneste specialværktøj, der kræves er en rundsav for at fjerne den termiske brydning i aluminiumsrammen.

VELFAC 200 ENERGY's samlet



Brugscyklus

25-50  
år

— Facade

Facaden udsættelse for vind og vejr og derfor forventes det, at facaden i løbet af en bygnings levetid bliver ændret eller i det mindste undergår større renovering. Derfor er det fundamentalt at facaden nemt kan demonteres, uden værdien forringes.

# Hvad nu hvis, du kunne skifte din facade på en weekend?

Tegnestuen Vandkunsten har udviklet et vingebebeslag til renoveringen af Gårdhusene i Albertslund Syd



Vingebebeslagene er monteret i facaden. Foto: Torben Eskeland

Gårdhusene i Albertslund Syd hører til generationen af tæt-lav storskalaiprojekter, der skab op i forstæderne i 1960'erne. Et industriel og ensartet byggeri i en teknisk kvalitet, som har været nødvendigt at forbedre over talrige renoveringsforløb. Som led i en projektkonkurrence banede Vandkunsten vejen for en ny renoveringspraksis ved at tilføre både bæredygtighed og autonomi til Gårdhusene.

Tegnestuen har afprøvet løsninger i flere prøvehuse og ser Gårdhusenes renovering som et potentiel vendepunkt i større almene renoveringer og i dansk byggeskik generelt. Der er fokuseret på at arbejde med en markant lavere affaldsproduktion, end ved konventionelt byggeri.

Ved at bruge industrialiserede materialer og standardmål, vil materialerne lettere kunne genanvendes i andre fremtidige brugscykler - uden at skulle forarbejdes først - og indgå direkte i en ny sammenhæng.

*'Vi skal ikke kun tale om cirkulært byggeri som nødvendigt - det skal også være smukt og funktionelt'*

— Katrine West Kristensen, Arkitekt MAA

## Let udskiftelig facade

En af nyudviklingerne i projektet er vingebebeslaget til en af facadeløsningerne. Dette beslag holder facadeelementer på plads, uden at skulle gennembore panelerne og er samtidig nemt at arbejde med i både montage og udskiftningsprocesser. Endda så beboerne selv kan gøre det.

Når facadepanelerne er udslidte, kan beslaget fortsat bruges eller omplaceres. Da vingebebeslaget er synligt i facaden, er det med, til at skabe ornamentik i facaden og viser en ærlighed for rå materialer, samlinger og konstruktion.



Vingebebeslagene fastsættes med 7 skruer. Foto: Torben Eskeland

**Case leverandør  
Vandkunsten**

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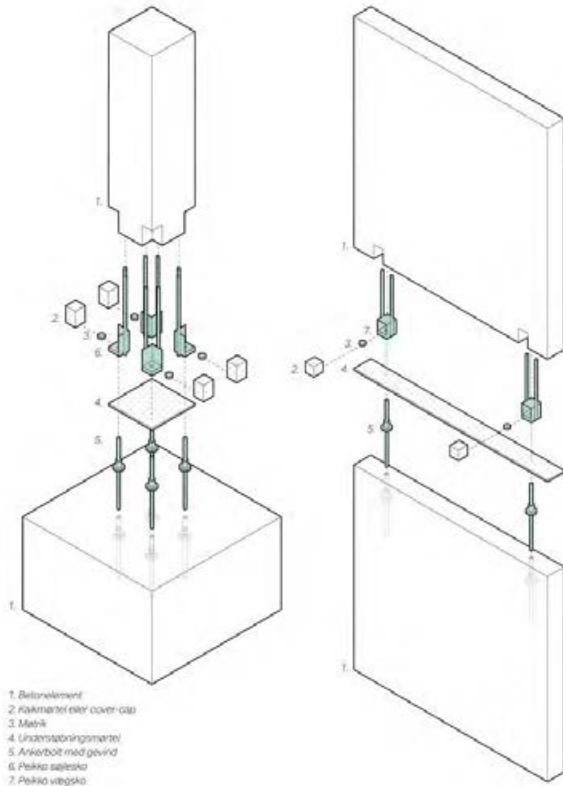
Brugscyklus

50-100  
år

— Råhus

Råhuset er bygningens rygrad, så det er forventeligt at samlingerne ikke er direkte tilgængelige. Råhuselementerne har en lang levetid i forhold til bygningens øvrige komponenter, så det er vigtigt at disse elementer kan adskilles og genbruges i andre bygninger.

# Hvad nu hvis, du kunne skille hele dit hus ad med en svenskenøgle?



## Mekaniske samlinger til betonbyggerier

Det finske firma Peikko er en kommersiel producent af mekaniske samlinger til betonelementer. Samlin-gerne muliggør adskilles i fremtiden. Deres væg- og sæleskosesystem består af sko der støbes ind i præfa-brikerede betonelementer, og ankerbolte der støbes ind i fundamenter eller andre betonelementer. Elementerne samles on-site og fastgøres til ankerbolte med møtrikker og særlige AL-skiver som boltsam-ling. Efter monteringen fyldes beslagene og samlingerne med mærtel så de ikke længere kan skilles ad.

Alle kan få gavn af Peikkos løsninger – det gælder både elementfabrikker, bygherrer, rådgivende ingeniører, udviklere og arkitekter.

Peikko har stort fokus på produktudvikling. De har introduceret mange nye og innovative løsninger til markederne gennem årene, der har forbedret måden at bygge på. Et godt eksempel på en sådan løsning er sæleskoen, der sikrer en robust samling af betonsøjler. Peikko deltager aktivt i arbejdet omkring standardiseringsarbejdet på europæisk plan og i større internationale forskningsprojekter.

Peikkos produkter gør kundernes byggeproces hurtigere og lettere. Produktudviklingen starter med udgangspunkt i kundens eller markedets behov. Målet er påvirke byggeprocessen i hele bygningens livscyklus lige fra valg af teknisk løsning, igennem byggefaserne og i hele byggeriets levetid.

*'Fremtidens elementbyggeri skal monteres og demonteres sikkert og enkelt med boltede samlinger'*

— Jonas Høg, Direktør, Peikko

Montering af præfabrikerede betonelementer til elevatorstødt.



Montering og justering af elementerne kan enkelt gøres med en svenskenøgle.



## Case leverandør



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# **THANK YOU!**

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