

# Negative emissioner med BECCS

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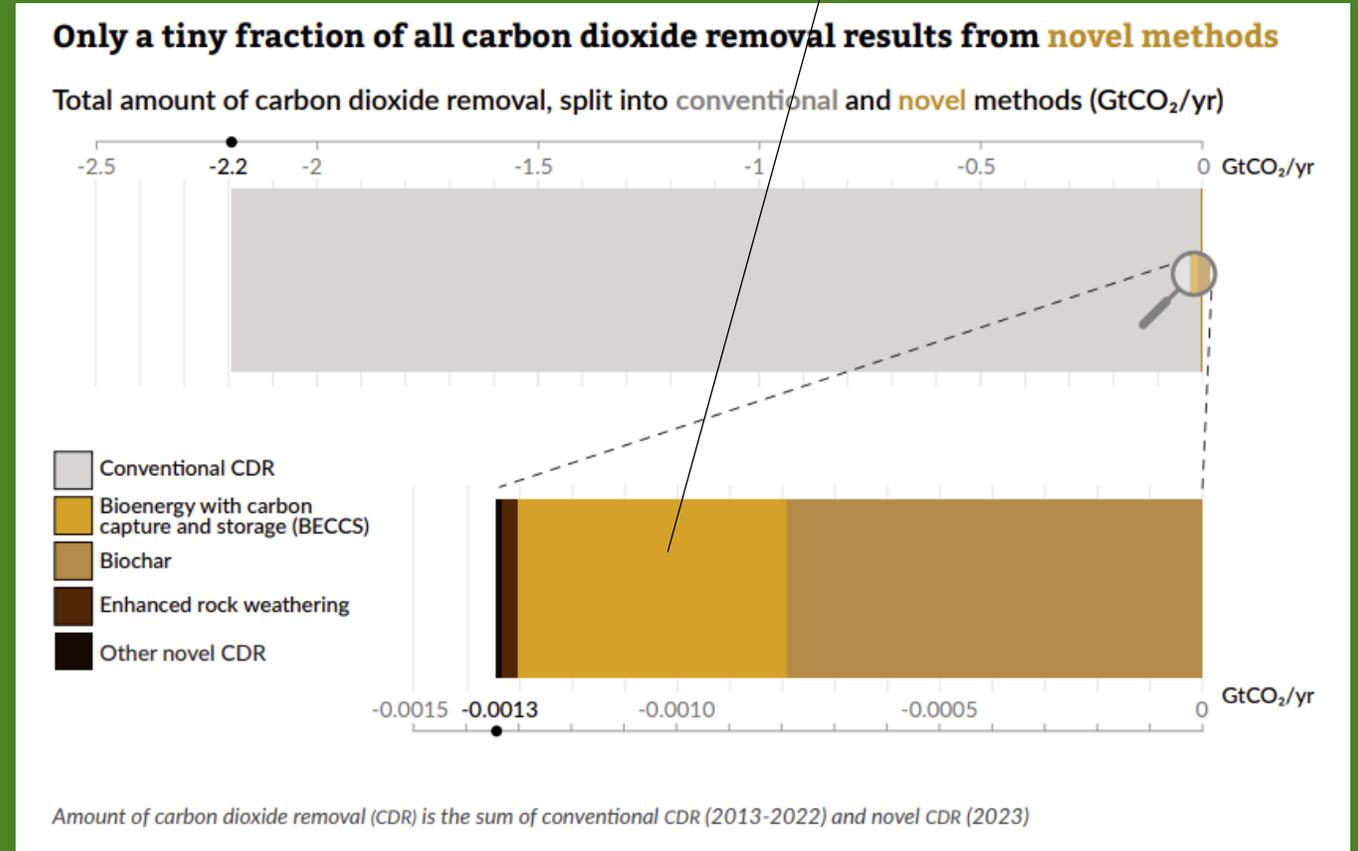
# CDR – Carbon Dioxide Removal

CDR is human activity that captures CO<sub>2</sub> from the atmosphere and stores it for decades to millennia.

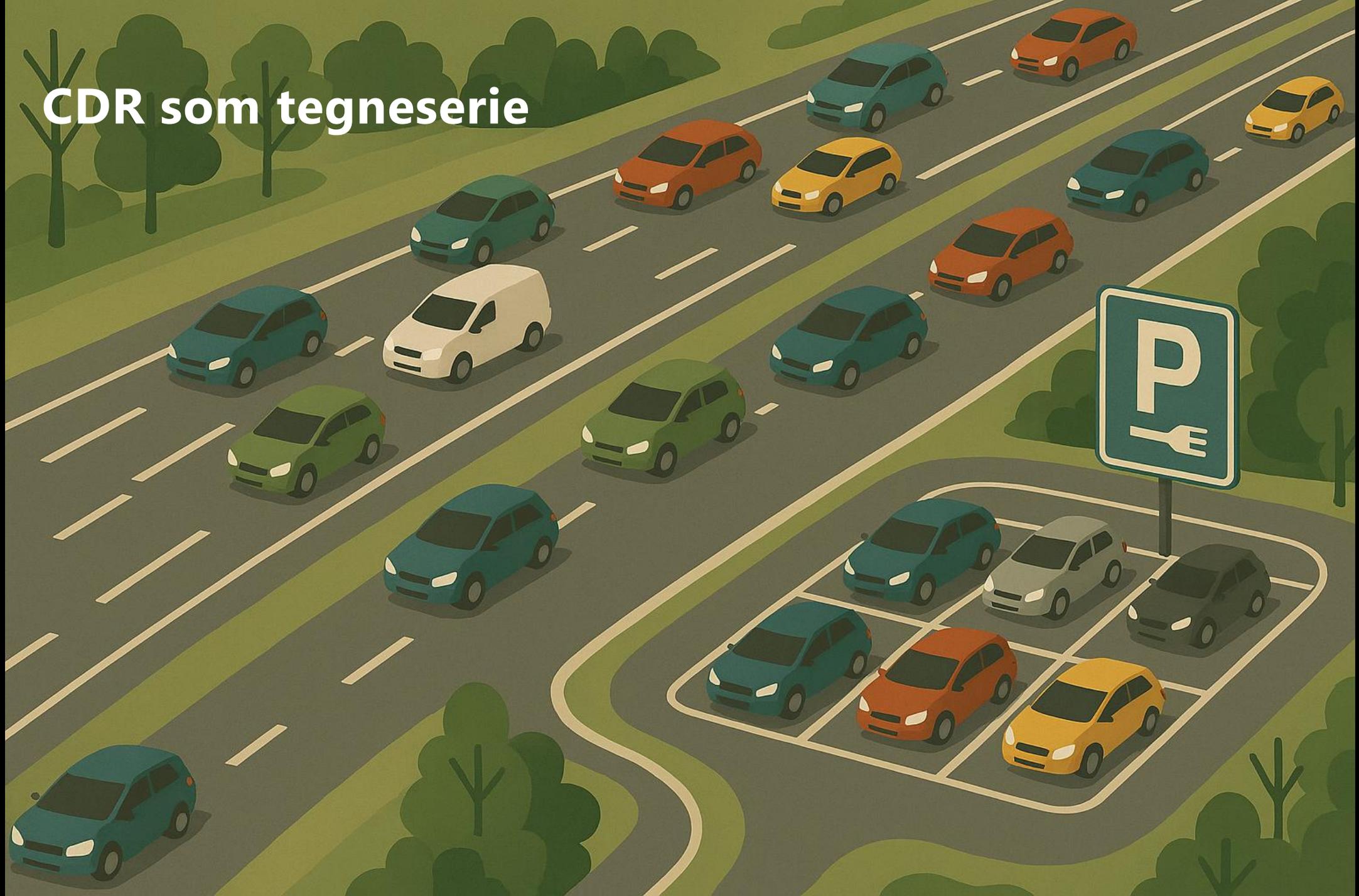
CDR principles:

1. The CO<sub>2</sub> captured must come from the atmosphere, not from fossil sources.
2. The subsequent storage must be durable, such that CO<sub>2</sub> is not soon reintroduced to the atmosphere.
3. The removal must be a result of human intervention, additional to the Earth's natural processes.

0.6 Mt CO<sub>2</sub>/yr



# CDR som tegneserie



# CDR med BECCS (og DOCCS)



# CDR med DACCS

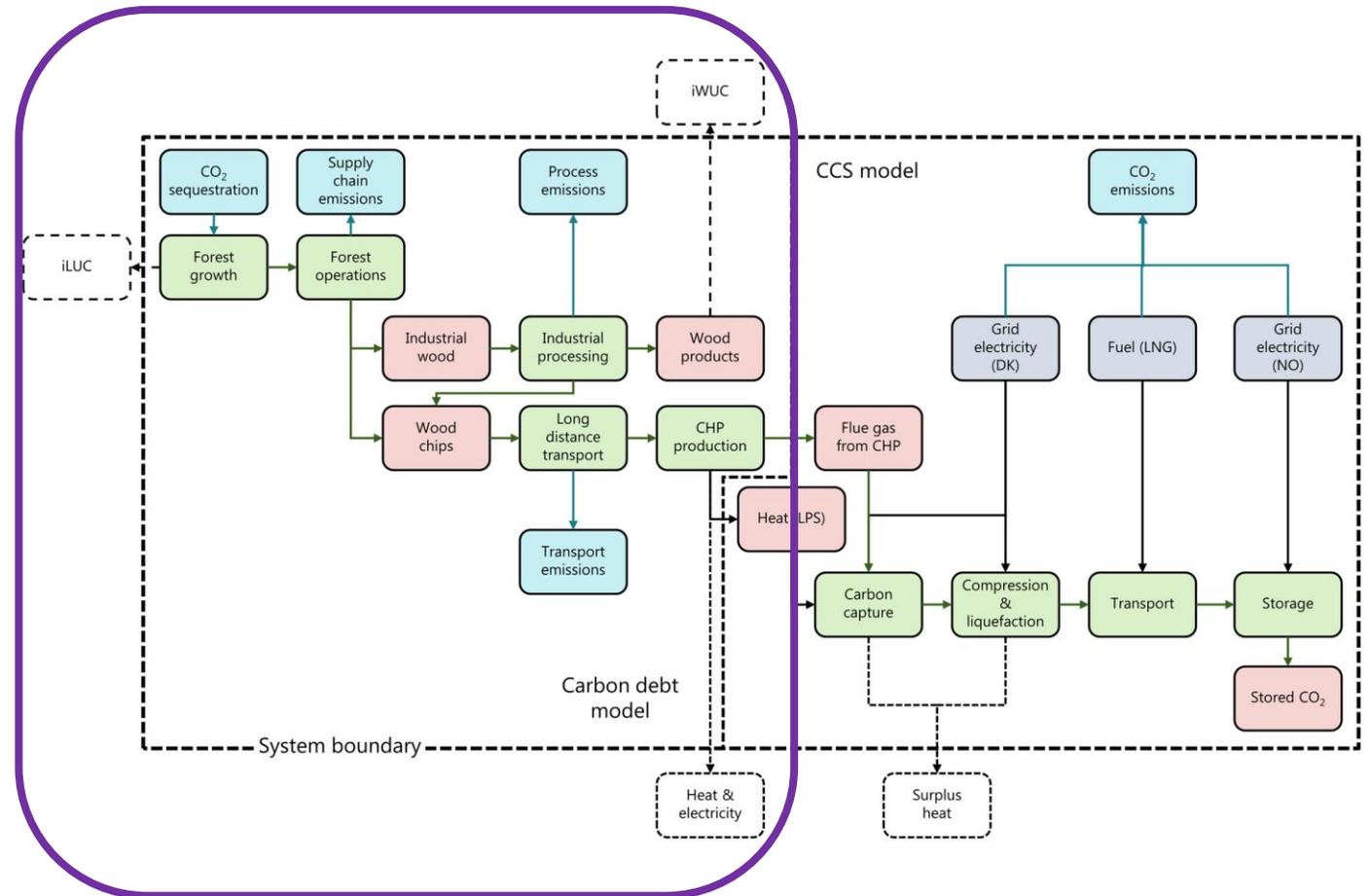


# Skovmodel

Model for kulstofdynamik inkl. vækst i skoven, hugst, henfald, transport, processering, energiproduktion og indirekte effekter/lækage (iLUC, iWUC, iFUC).

Taeroe, Mustapha, Stupak et al. (2017). Do forests best mitigate CO<sub>2</sub> emissions to the atmosphere by setting them aside for maximization of carbon storage or by management for fossil fuel substitution? *Journal of Environmental Management*, 197, 117-129.

Nielsen, Nord-Larsen & Bentsen (2021). CO<sub>2</sub> emission mitigation through fuel transition on Danish CHP and district heating plants. *GCB Bioenergy*, 13(7), 1162-1178.

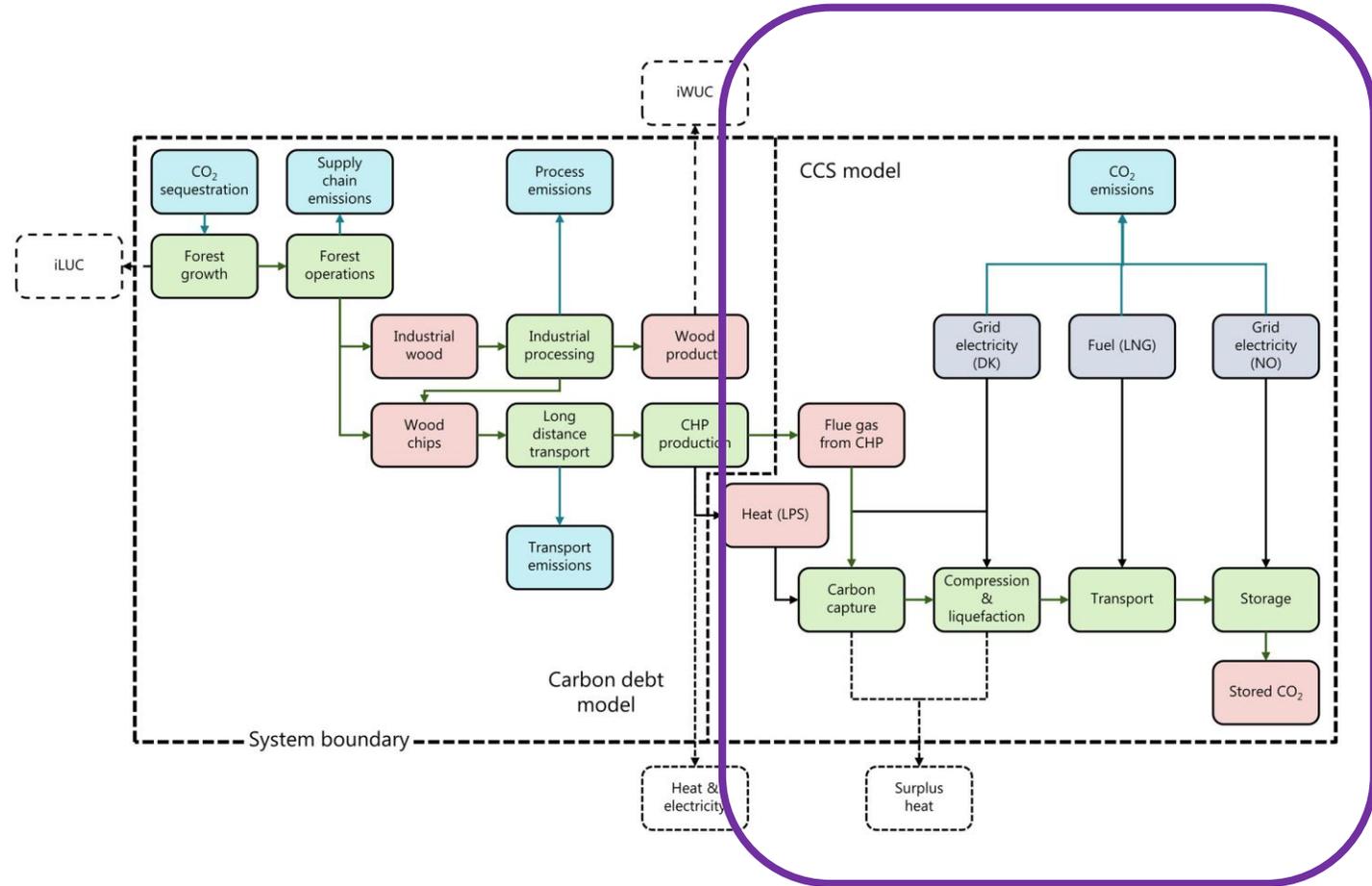


# CCS model

Model for kulstofdynamik inkl. fangst, transport, injektion og lagring af CO<sub>2</sub>.

Weimann, & Bentsen (2024). Potential for carbon dioxide removal of carbon capture and storage on biomass-fired combined heat and power production. *GCB Bioenergy*, 16(9), e13184.

Fertin, Beier & Bentsen (202x). Bioenergy Carbon Capture – Storage or Utilization: Which way forward? In review: *Journal of Cleaner Production*.



# The Danish case

The utility Ørsted has received funds to capture and store 430.000 tons of CO<sub>2</sub> annually from 2026.

The target is met with two facilities

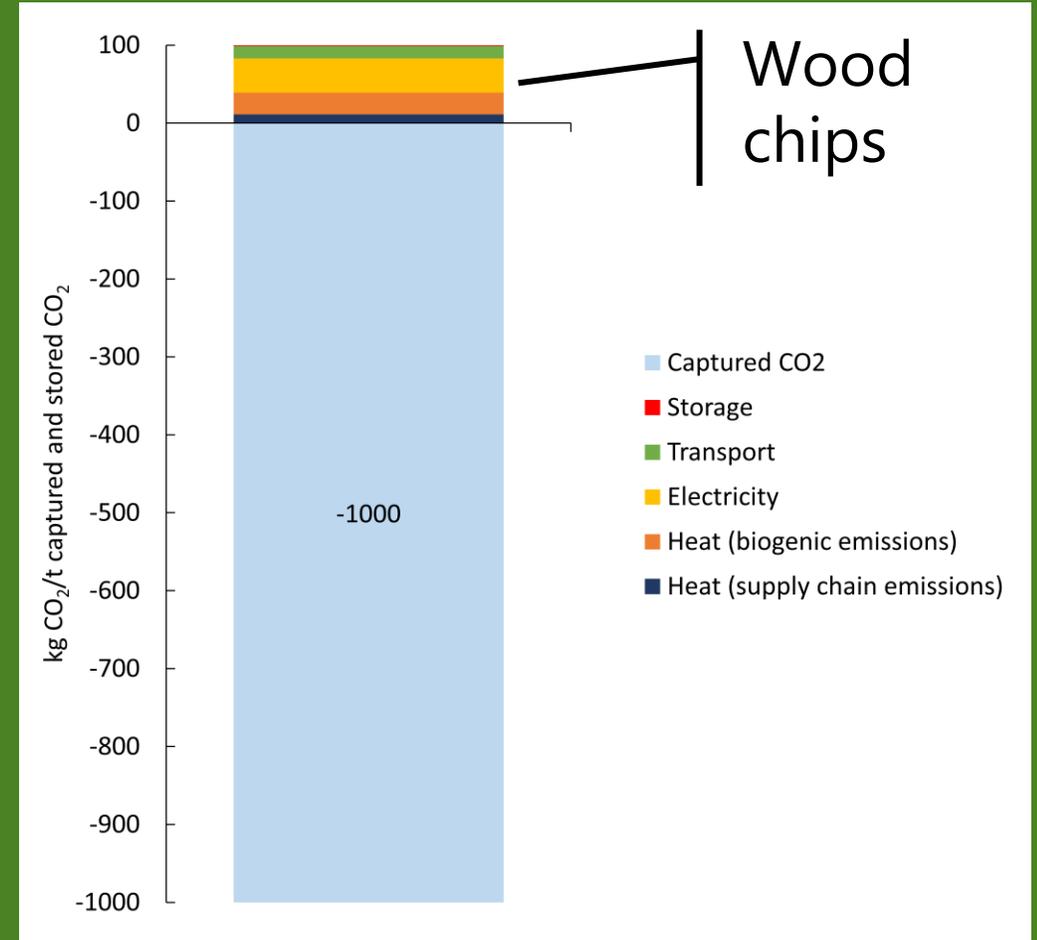
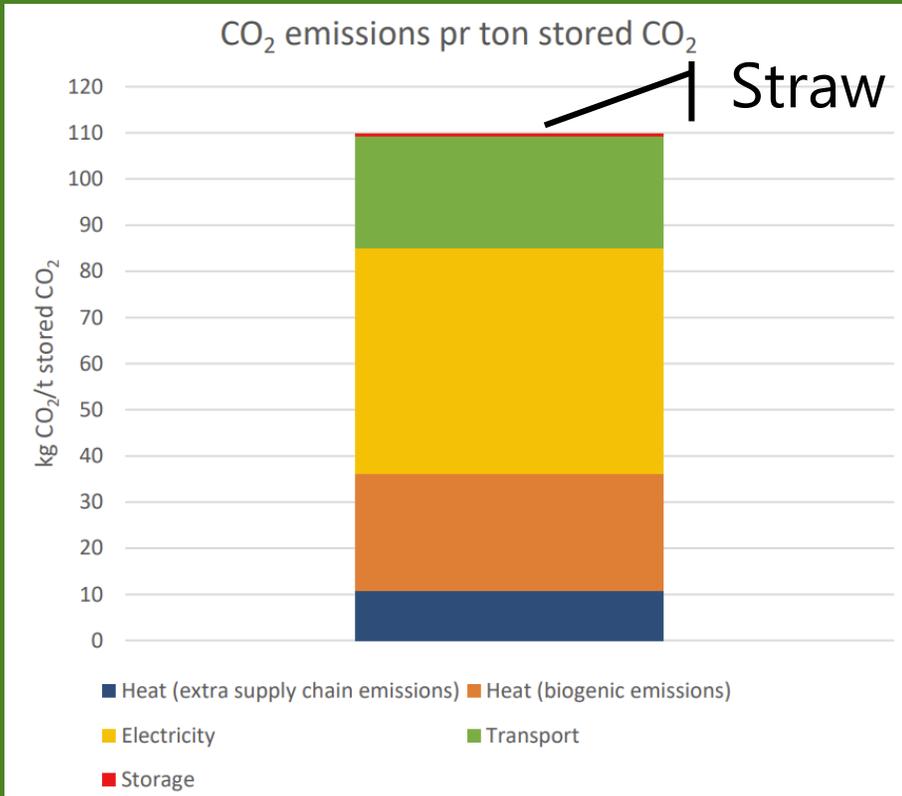
- A wood chips fired CHP will capture 280.000 tons CO<sub>2</sub>
- A straw fired CHP will capture 150.000 tons CO<sub>2</sub>

The cases were studied independently of each other; wood chips by Gertrud and straw by Andrea using the same methodology and approach.

The wood chips case is published.

# Direct CO<sub>2</sub> cost of carbon capture and storage

Capture and storage of 1 tons of CO<sub>2</sub> emits ~0.1 tons of CO<sub>2</sub>.



Weimann, G. G., & Bentsen, N. S. (2024). Potential for carbon dioxide removal of carbon capture and storage on biomass-fired combined heat and power production. *GCB Bioenergy*, 16(9), e13184.

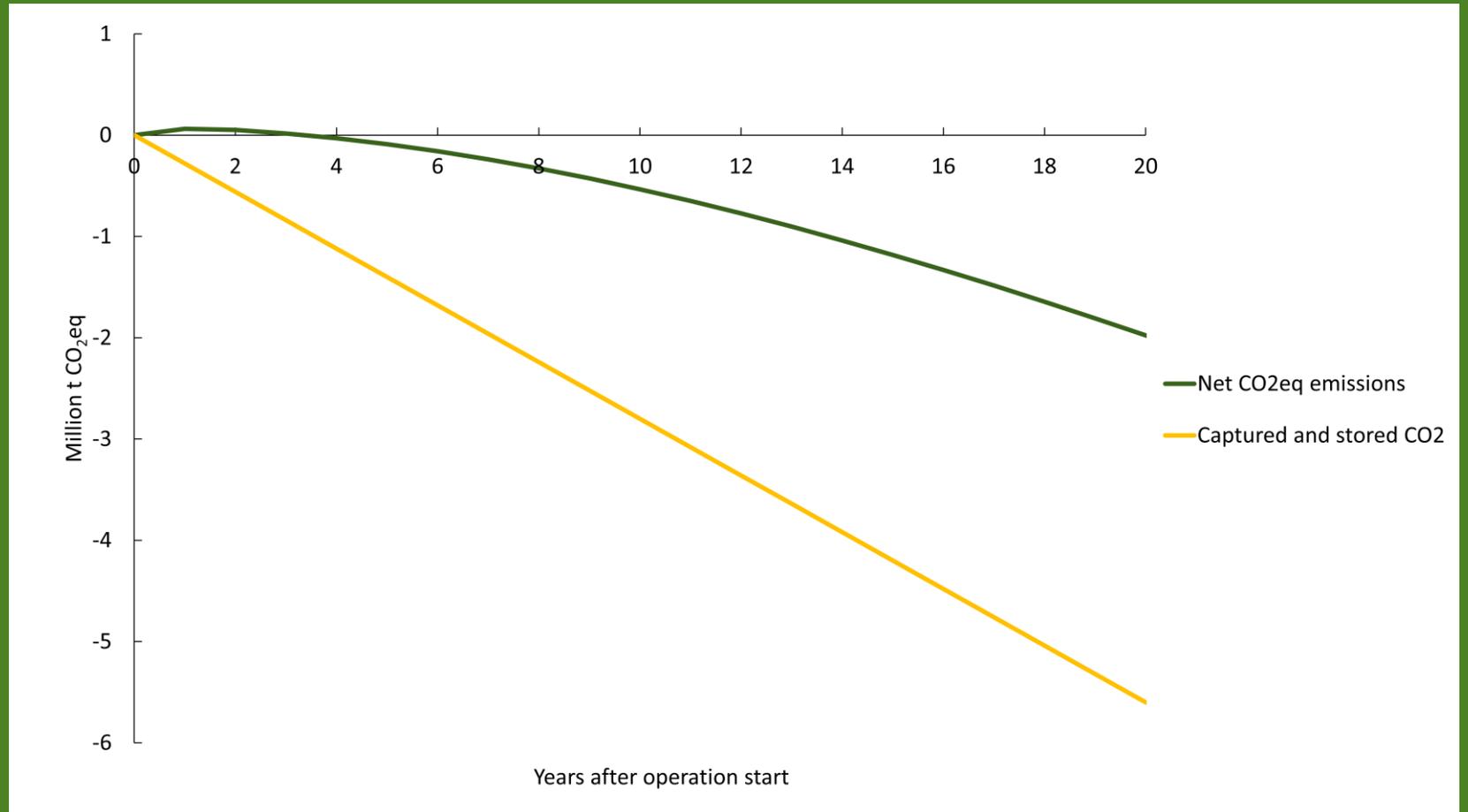
Bergthordottir, A. (2024). Net CO<sub>2</sub> removal potential of BECCS in a straw fired CHP unit at Avedøre Power Station A case study in collaboration with Ørsted. MSc thesis. University of Copenhagen.

# Carbon payback time - Wood chips

Carbon payback time:  
3.4 years compared to  
continued use of wood  
chips for CHP.

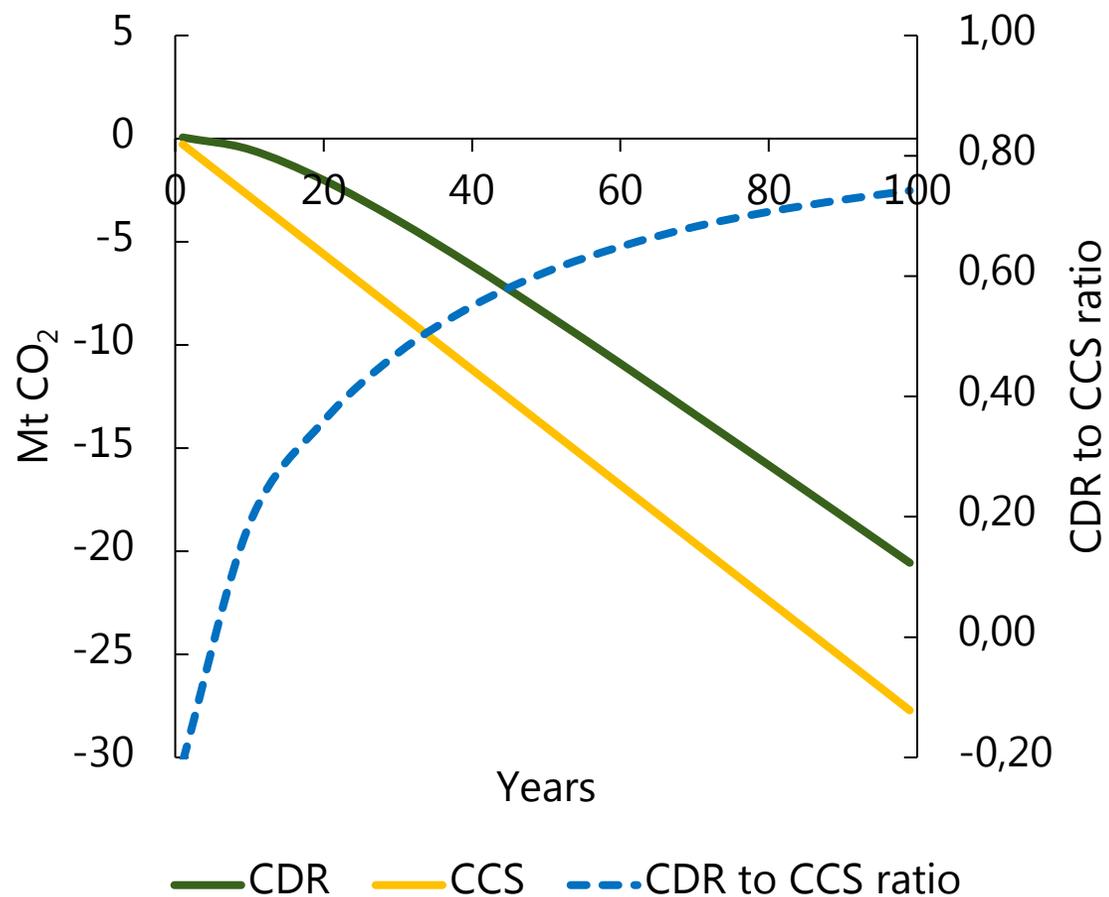
After 20 years the  
facility will have  
captured 5.6 Mt of  
CO<sub>2</sub>. (=CCS)

The atmosphere will  
have experienced  
removal of 2.0 Mt of  
CO<sub>2</sub>. (=CDR)

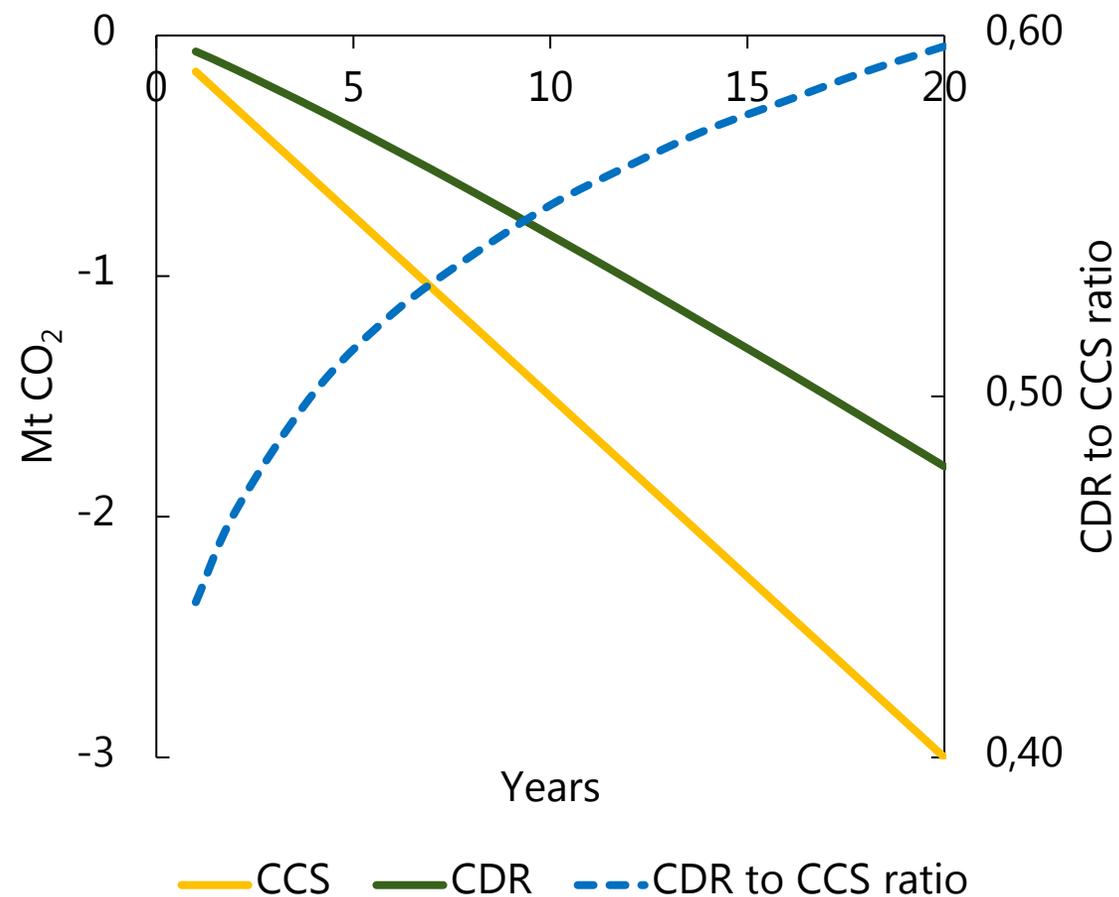


# CDR to CCS ratio

## Wood chips

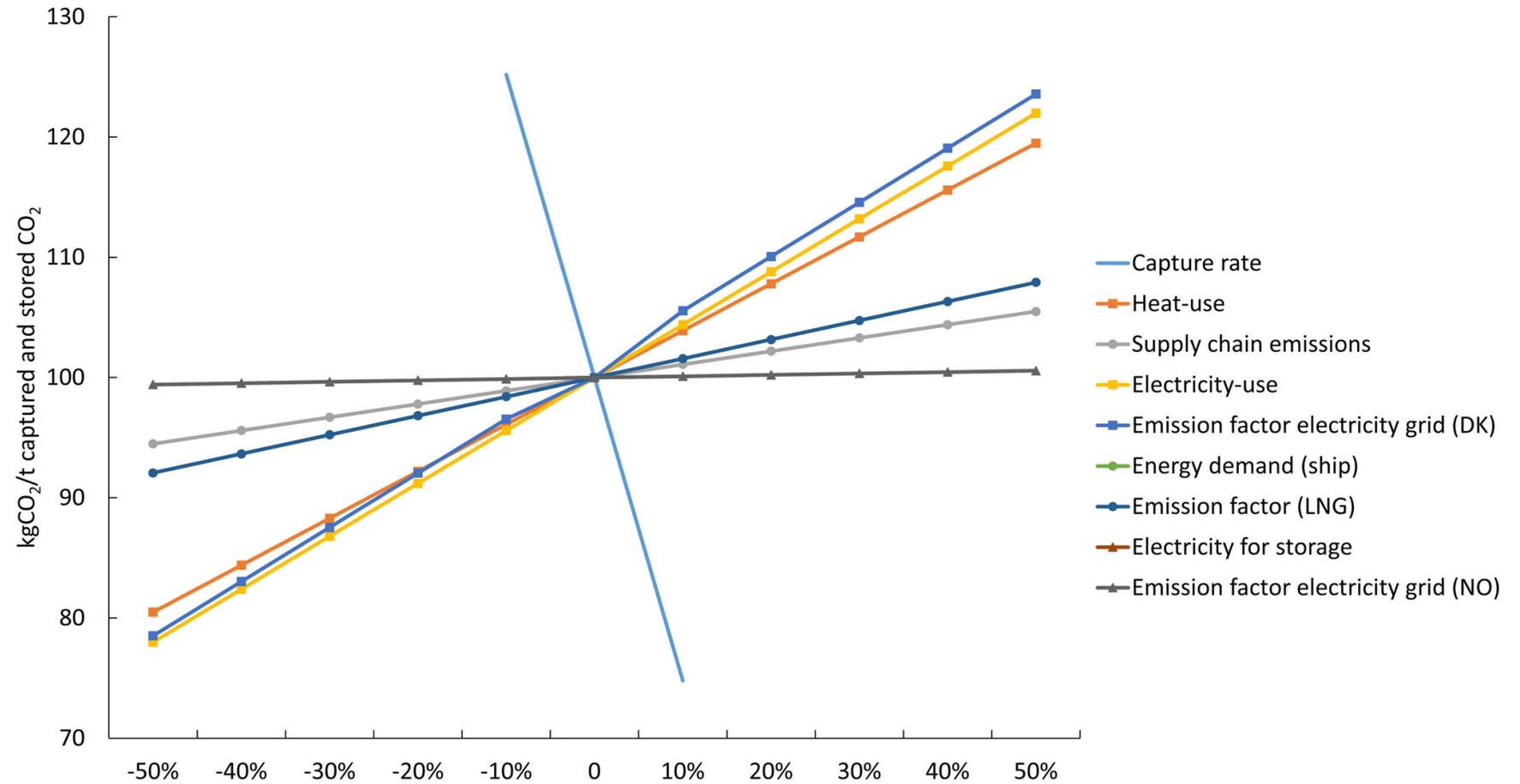


## Straw



# Følsomhedsanalyse

1. Fangstrate
2. El- og varmeforbrug til CO<sub>2</sub> fangst og elproduktionens emissioner.
3. Transport og opstrøms emissioner.
4. Elforbrug og el-emissioner i Norge.





**Spørgsmål**